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The Bombay Chronicle

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Britain Never Planned Attack On Baku

Butler Nails Nazi Lie In Commons

POLICY TOWARDS SOVIET CLARIFIED

Present Talks At Moscow May Remove All Fears

LONDON, July 11.

In the House of Commons Mr. Butler was asked whether he could give a categorical denial to the allegations in the German White Book that Britain had planned a direct attack on Russian oilfields whether he could assure the House that the Government's policy is to improve and strengthen the relations between Britain and the Soviet Union.

BUTLER'S REPLY

Mr. Butler replied: "Yes. The policy of His Majesty's Government had been and remains to improve and strengthen the relations between this country and the USSR. Success in this policy appeared more likely since March of this year, when the USSR made a friendly approach to His Majesty's Government and proposed resumption of trade negotiations.

A Friendly Approach

This move, on their part, constituted a welcome departure from the unfriendly attitude the Soviet Government had adopted ever since the breakdown of political negotiations last August.

Cripps At Work

His Majesty's Government at once responded to this approach and it is to be hoped the discussion on which the British Ambassador in Moscow is at present engaged may finally remove any danger, which may have been apprehended that the Soviet Government would work either economically or militarily against Great Britain in the interests of Germany.

HYPOTHETICAL PLANS

Ever since the outbreak of the war His Majesty's Government have had guard against this danger when making their military plans. It was natural, therefore, that Staffs, who in a Totalitarian war, have to consider all future hypothesis should consider how to counter Russian assistance to Germany. Apart from actual military assistance, one of the most valuable forms of help which the Soviet Government were in a position to give Germany was to supply her with oil from the Caucasus.

It was thus the duty of the Staffs to examine whether in certain eventualities it would be possible to interfere with the output of oil from the Caucasian wells. I might add that no attempt was made at any time to enlist the co-operation or acquiescence of Turkey or Iran in these hypothetical plans. I trust this statement will dispel any false and mischievous impressions which German propaganda sought to create.—Reuter.

Ankara Denies Ultimatum Rumour

ANKARA, July 11.

Official circles formally deny the report that Russia has addressed an ultimatum to Turkey.

It is understood that not only no such ultimatum has been delivered but no demands or requests have been addressed to Turkey from Russia upto the present.—Reuter.

Col. Knox's Appointment Confirmed

WASHINGTON, July 11.

The appointment of Col. Knox as Secretary for the Navy was confirmed by the Senate by 66 votes to 16

India In Commons

No Statement To Make Says Amery

LONDON, July 11.

In the House of Commons Mr. Sorensen asked Mr. Amery whether he could make a statement on the recent conversations between the Viceroy, Mr. Gandhi and Mr. Jinnah.

Mr. Amery said: He had no statement to make.

Mr. Sorensen: May I ask whether he is likely in time to make a statement, especially in view of the fact that last time the conversations were being held he said he might report later.

Mr. Amery: "I hope so."—I

Subhas Bose's Arrest

Mr. L. S. Amery, Secretary of State for India, stated that Mr. Subhas Bose was arrested on July 2 as he intended to lead a movement for the demolition of the Holwell Monument in Calcutta.

Commissions For Indians

Answering Mr. Sorensen who asked whether there has been any substantial increase in the number of Commissions granted to Indian applicants and what justification there was for the complaint that many applicants had been refused, Mr. Amery said that the output of trained Indian Officers was expected to be very largely increased during the coming year. The Indian authorities had to select the best men for vacancies available and presumably a certain number of less well qualified candidates had been rejected.

Mr. Sorensen asked whether the situation wherein a very small number of Indian applicants were granted Commissions would be remedied.

Mr. Amery said all applicants were Indian applicants and as rapidly as the Indian army expanded they would be taken by selection.

Anglo-French Co-ordinating Committee

During question time Mr. Greenwood announced that Mr. Monet, who headed the Anglo-French supply organisation resigned on July 1. The Anglo-French Co-ordinating Committee was now being dissolved.

R. A. F. HAVOC IN GERMANY

LONDON, July 11.

Reports received in London from Stockholm state that severe havoc has been caused by R. A. F. raids on towns in Northern Germany in which several places and harbours are so badly damaged that shipping is seriously delayed.—Reuter.

American Bases In Br. Islands

Proposal To Acquire Nova Scotia And Bermuda

WASHINGTON, July 11.

The recommendation that the United States should acquire and fortify fleet and air bases in Nova Scotia and Bermuda are made by three members of the House of Representatives Military Committee after a survey of the North Eastern Coastal Defences.—Reuter.

(Nova Scotia is a peninsular extension of Canada in the North Atlantic. Bermudas is a group of 300 small islands, making a British naval station in the North Atlantic off the United States Coast.)

LONDON, July 11.

It is officially announced that on the invitation of Mr. Morgenthau, Secretary to the United States Treasury, Sir Frederick Phillips, an Under-Secretary of the British Treasury will shortly arrive in Washington. The meeting will provide an occasion for discussion of technical and other questions between the American and British Treasuries. Sir Frederick Phillips visited Mr. Morgenthau in Washington during the Autumn of 1937.—Reuter.

HUNGARY IN NEW EUROPE

Axis Assurance Against Temporary Sacrifice: Balkan Issue

ROME, July 11.

According to the Berlin correspondent of the newspaper "Telegrafo" of Leghorn, at yesterday's meeting in Munich, the Axis Powers advised Hungary not to press her claims on Rumania for the time being and "almost certainly gave an assurance that the present 'status quo' in the Balkans would not be disturbed and that the temporary sacrifice of Hungary will not give anyone and, least of all, non-Balkan Powers any advantage whatever."

The correspondent concludes by saying that in "the new Europe which Italy and Germany are creating," Hungary will have "a place of honour according to her heroic traditions and spiritual importance."—Reuter.

Teleki And Csaky Placed With Hitler

BUDAPEST, July 11.

Count Teleki on his return with Count Csaky from the conference at Munich with Hitler and Count Ciano said: "We are deeply grateful that amidst the life and death struggle of the Reich and on the eve of a fresh test, the Fuehrer found time to hear us in the presence of Count Ciano and take cognisance of the vital Hungarian problems.

Count Teleki added he was extremely grateful for Germany's deeply sympathetic attitude towards Hungarian representatives.—Reuter.

No Trade With French Empire

LONDON, July 11.

The Board of Trade announces that the whole of French territory in Europe, including Corsica, Algeria, the French zone of Morocco and Tunisia, are enemy territories for the purpose of trading with Enemy Act.—Reuter.

Ciano Back At Rome

ROME, July 11.

Count Ciano returned to Italy from his visit to Germany.

STOP PRESS

BOULOGNE AERODROME ATTACKED

LONDON, July 11.

The Air Ministry News Service states: "Five enemy aircraft are believed to have been destroyed and other seven damaged in a day raid on Boulogne aerodrome by R.A.F. medium bombers. The raiders took the ground defences by surprise and dropped bombs and got clear away before anti-aircraft batteries could fire. The first attackers scored a number of hits with high explosive bombs along one side of the aerodrome. Ten minutes later twenty enemy aircraft standing at the back of some hangars were attacked.—Reuter.

SOVIET. YUGOSLAV RELATIONS

MOSCOW, July 11.

President Kalinin received the newly appointed Yugoslav Minister, M. Milin Gabrialovich, thus marking the beginning of direct diplomatic relations between Yugoslavia and the Soviet Union which had no such contact since the Soviet regime was instituted.—Reuter.

NAZI PRESSURE ON RUMANIA

Nationalise Oil Industry And Secure Safety Of Danube To Germany

BUCHAREST, July 11.

The impression persists that a challenge to the present state of authority is under way and there is anxiety throughout the country.

The Germans are bringing pressure on the authorities to secure nationalisation of the oil industry.

They are also endeavouring to effect immobilisation of the British, French, Belgian and Dutch Danube Fleets.—Reuter.

RUMANIAN GOVERNMENT WORKING AS A TEAM

BUKHAREST, July 11.

Reports that several younger members of the new Cabinet had resigned were denied by a semi-official Rumanian Agency, which states that the only member of the Government to resign was Prof. Horea Sima, Iron Guard Leader, who was appointed Minister of Arts. The agency adds that the Government is carrying on its work normally and in complete harmony.—Reuter.

Ironguard Leader Released

BUCHAREST, July 11.

The Ironguard leader who was reported to have been arrested has now been released.—Reuter.

NAZI INTIMIDATION

WASHINGTON, July 11.

"Germany is apparently indulging in a species of intimidation of the Latin American States, whose sovereignty is entitled to respect," said Mr. Cordell Hull at a press conference. He was referring to the reported activities of Dr. Otto Reinebeck, the German Minister to the Five Republics of Central America.

In connection with the forthcoming Pan-American Conference Dr. Reinebeck is reported to have been telling the Governments of Central American countries not to engage in any action aimed directly or indirectly against Germany.

Commenting on this, Mr. Hull said there was no theory on which any country should attack the sovereignty or freedom of another country.—Reuter.

25,000 PLANES FOR U. S. NAVY AND ARMY

WASHINGTON, July 11.

The National Advisory Defence Commission announces that orders for air-craft totalling 100 million dollars were placed in the last few days. Other contracts that are being negotiated will raise the total aircraft purchase programme to 25,000 planes with final delivery date in July 1942. Twenty-five per cent of the planes will be for the navy and the rest for the Army.—Reuter.

WHO INSTIGATES BOMB OUTRAGES

NEW YORK, July 11.

Police Commissioner Valentine revealed to-day that a number of bombs were found in Philadelphia last month, while the Republican Convention was in Session.

It is stated in another police quarter seven bombs were found, some under construction in a meeting hall frequented by Communists.

Mr. Valentine stated that the bomb outrage in the British Pavilion of the World Fair recently was "just the beginning." He foresaw the possibility of further bombings in New York due "to representations of belligerent nations that are here."—Reuter.

Fascist Union Banned

LONDON, July 11.

The Home Secretary has issued an order applying the Defence Regulation to the British Union of Fascists the effect of which is to ban the Union.

Petain Govt. Resists Nazi Demands

ISSUE FOR ARMISTICE COMMISSION

Weygand Circular On Control Of Banks In Occupied Area

LONDON, July 11.

SIGNS of friction between the German Army of Occupation and the Petain Government are indicated by a document, which has fallen in the hands of official circles in London.

The document, signed by Gen. Weygand, gives details of a circular issued by the German Commander on June 14. It requires all banks and bank agents in the occupied territory, including Paris, to make returns of stocks, shares, bearer certificates, gold and coins, precious stones and bank notes.

The order continues that strong boxes of all kinds are now taken over.

The document ends by stating that in the opinion of the Minister of Finance this order is contrary to the Clause of the Armistice, which stipulates that the French Government will be responsible for the administration of the occupied territory and adds that the matter is being taken up with the German delegation.—Reuter.

Arab Rivalries In Syria

Nazi Agents Freed From Prison: Ibn Saud's Mission's Visit

ANKARA, July 11.

According to trustworthy reports reaching here from Syria period of bitter [illegible] in the Arab world is likely to be one of the regime of the French capitulation and the murder of the pro-British Arab leader Shahbandar.

The aspirations and plans of the whole host of Arab leaders in Syria have been thrown into confusion. A number of these men have foreign backing and it is noteworthy that among the political prisoners reported to have been released by the French following the Armistice is Emir Aadelarslam, the Druse leader, who was arrested six months ago with a number of German and Italian agents in Syria and who is brother of Shakibarslan, who is at present in Berlin writing material for Arabic broadcasts by German stations.

Leading successors to Shah Bandar in Syria's pro-British Arab Party are Dr. Jalani and the brothers Bakr. The latter are members of the oldest aristocratic families of Damascus, were early followers of Lawrence of Arabia and in the past have sacrificed everything for the cause of Arabism. They are now opposed in Syria by an Arab National Block headed by Shukri Kuwatly and others.

An indication of the importance attached to the situation in Syria by the Arab world is the fact that Ibn Saud sent two emissaries to Syria, who left Syria a week ago and said that they had been most satisfied with the results of their mission.—Reuter.

CONGRESS MEMBERSHIP FOR VOLUNTEERS ONLY?

Maulana Azad Considers Change In Conditions Of Enrolment Essential: No Deviation From Creed Of Non-Violence

NAINITAL, July 11.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Congress President, performed the flag hoisting ceremony at a rally of Congress volunteers of the Nainital District held here today.

Addressing the volunteers, the Congress President referred to the gravity of the present international situation, and stressed the need of discipline and non-violence for volunteers.

He warned them not to interpret the recent Wardha decision of the Congress wrongly that the Congress was deflecting towards violence.

In conclusion Maulana Azad pointed out that he was seriously considering a change of conditions for Congress membership, which, among others, must emphasise enrolment of the members in the Congress Volunteer Corps.—United Press.

No Deflection From Path Of Non-Violence, Says Maulana Azad

NAINITAL, July 11.

A fervent appeal to Congress volunteers to adhere to principles of non-violence and discipline was made by Maulana Azad, Congress President, addressing a rally of Congress volunteers of Nainital District on the "flats" this afternoon.

The Maulana said the difference between a soldier and a Congress volunteer was that, while the former was armed with sword and other weapons the latter had non-violence as his weapon.

He urged them to be disciplined soldiers and stressed that the Wardha resolution did not deflect the Congress from the path of non-violence and those, who interpreted the resolution in that light were doing a disservice to the country. So far as the Congress was concerned non-violence had been and would be its foundation.

The Maulana Saheb also advised them to keep themselves away from party intrigues and faithfully to obey the command of their superiors.

Concluding the Maulana Saheb urged the Congress Committees to redouble their activities in the matter of enrolment of Congress volunteers, who were to play a very important part in the future.—A.P.

AZAD CLEARS A MISUNDERSTANDING

NANITAL, July 11.

Questioned about the view in certain circles that the Congress, by its Delhi resolution, had only shown its readiness to defend India and not to participate or help in the war, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President, said: "It is absolutely baseless. When we passed the resolution everyone of us was quite clear on this point that if India's demand is fulfilled it will be the duty of India to participate in the war. The resolution had no other meaning in the mind of even a single individual out of the fifteen members of the Congress Working Committee present."—A. P.

Civil Honours Postponed

LONDON, July 10.

The Military Section of the postponed Birthday Honours list is published in the London "Gazette" to-night. It is not proposed to announce the list of Civil Honours until some appropriater time, which in no case will be before the New Year of 1941.—Reuter.

Revolt Against Jinnah

(From Our Correspondent.)

PATNA, July 11.

Mr. Jinnah's latest statement opposing the Congress demand for Complete Independence and National Government for India is regarded in responsible Muslim League circles here as undiplomatic. Khan Bahadur Nawab Ismail, President, Bihar Muslim League, in the course of a statement says: "Personally speaking I should like to see the end of the Indian political impasse and restoration of Provincial Autonomy as soon as possible based on a National coalition system and also a Central National Government working with the consent of all political parties as soon as possible".

Influential Muslim Leaguers it is reported, have begun sounding opinion for starting a parallel League with Sir Sikandar and Mr. Fazlul Huq as leaders. Some others, it is further reported, are trying, to appeal to the Aga Khan to take over charge of the League.

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Applications are invited for the post of Manager of the Swastik Oil Mills, Bombay, from (a) qualified and experienced men who have held responsible posts in Oil Mills, (b) those holding good degree preferably of a reputed Foreign University with or without commercial or industrial experience. Salary according to merit. Applications will be regarded as confidential if so desired. Write with full particulars, references, terms, enclosing copies of testimonials and recent photograph to Suhrid A. Sarabhai, Post Box No. 28, Ahmedabad. (2952)

Wanted a qualified L.S.G.D. and experienced Sanitary Inspector for Bhavnagar Municipality. The post is permanent and graded 40-2|5-60. Applicants must state clearly their age, native place, qualifications, experience, etc. in their application with copies of Certificates which must reach the undersigned before the 15th July, 1940. K. V. Thakkar, President, Bhavnagar City Municipality (2887)

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SEALED QUOTATIONS will be received by the undersigned up to 5 P.M. on 1-8-'40 for Scientific Instruments for about Rs. 1,400|-. Further particulars and list please apply to the undersigned.

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(2930)

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2945

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BUTLER'S BROADCAST

Wisdom Of Taking All European Problems On Her Shoulders

Continental Complications May Draw Germany's Attention Away From Britain

Danger Spots In German Domination

LONDON, July 10.

"Complications in the European scene may develop which will draw the attention of our enemy away from us", declared Mr. Butler, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs in a broadcast to-night.

Mr. Butler added, "these could be more likely to develop if our bearing was resolute and definite".

Besides the difficulties in holding down subject peoples, the Germans would have to face the old major rivalries between the powers.

Italy and Russia will each have their views about the Balkans. Spain will have its own tradition of pride and independence. There will be varying views about the Dardanelles.

There will be several voices in the Mediterranean. The loudest will be the bark of the big guns of our battle fleet.

TOO MANY COMPLICATIONS

These are complications enough for any power which seeks to dominate the continent and then the world.

We must hold on and let this cauldron simmer. No doubt the pot will soon be calling the kettle black. We shall save ourselves, we shall save what we believe in and we shall attract friends to our side by our own efforts and by the determination with which we face the dangers ahead.

We cannot but face the challenge before us with a thrill.

We are the outpost of Europe, the last land to which exiles can flee. We are the outpost for our Empire, we are the outpost for the American continent and for the world. We must not and cannot fail all those who depend on us".

The following is the full text of the speech; broadcasting on the foreign situation to-night Mr. Butler, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, said, "When I speak on the foreign situation you may perhaps think that I can give you a picture of how the affairs abroad develop, what friends may draw closer to us and what alliances and groupings of powers may take place. But the best that a prophet can say is that the future picture of Europe will depend entirely on our own actions during the next few weeks and months.

We shall save ourselves, we shall save what we believe in and we shall attract friends to our side by our own efforts and by the determination with which we face dangers ahead.

Complications in the European scene may develop which will draw the attention of our enemy away from us. But these will be more likely to appear if our bearing is resolute and definite.

Foreign affairs are not a mysterious pastime with some special rules. Relations between nations follow the same line as relations between private people. If you are putting up a gallant fight, your friends think you are worth supporting. If you are in a tight corner you yourself can judge what sort of friends you have.

Guardians Of Europe

And as we go forward defending what we think is right, we shall know which countries are our friends and which are not.

We shall not trim our sails to suit other people, but shall fight our own fight and speak our own mind bluntly and clearly so that all the world may know what we stand for.

Just as people are selfish so nations look after their own interests. I do not mean that there is not a wider interest for nations as well as for individuals. Our main hope lies in the fact that our view of Europe is one which is shared by all free people.

We are the guardians of Europe and as long as we hold that charge as sacred we shall keep alive hopes and efforts of all our friends whether they be momentarily subjected to German rule or whether they be outside and are determined not to come under it.

"As President Roosevelt said long before this war, 90 per cent of the people of the world want to live decently and in peace and not make war upon their neighbours. In the long run the wishes and standards of these 90 per cent must prevail.

We have here in London the Polish, the Norwegian and the Netherlands Governments, representatives of Czech and the Belgian peoples and the French National Committee.

We have a miniature Europe in London. We are the guardians of the traditions of all these peoples. Their future depends on us.

"We draw freely upon the forces of the whole world while occupied Europe is prevented from navy. In order to succeed, Hitler has not only got to storm and take this salient but he has to storm the whole empire. For this island is only a small part of those free peoples in our Commonwealth who are themselves grouped in contact of nations all over the globe.

It is right for us as the mother country to be in the front-line. Contingents from the family of the dominions are here to help us.

We are fighting to save the lives of our whole families. We cannot and must not let them perish.

Whatever new order may come out of this war, we must never underestimate our world position.

We must at all costs retain supremacy on the seas. As the French Admiral at Oran would not accept any of the four very reasonable alternatives which he was offered we had no choice but to produce the British clap of thunder.

Germany will certainly have her hands full in taking suddenly on her shoulders all the problems of Europe. There are perhaps more agelong antagonisms in Europe than in any other part of the world.

We hear that France is going to be turned a peasant country in order to be one of the food stores for the ruler of Europe. It is to be supposed that she will forget her old independence and settle down quietly to let Germany be the only industrial power on the continent.

The subject nations, such as the Poles and the Czechs, are to work for Germany who is to be fed by the food products of Denmark and Holland which she will no doubt quickly exhaust. We already hear that strong German measures of repressions are being taken against the Dutch who showed too much independence.

Besides these difficulties in holding down the subject peoples, the German will have to face the old major rivalries between the powers. Italy and Russia will each have their view about the Balkans. Spain will have its own traditions of pride and independence.

British Victory Means 90 P. C. Peace

There will be varying views about the Dardanelles. There will be several voices in the Mediterranean. The loudest will be the bark of the big guns of our battle fleet.

Yes, there are complications enough for any power which seeks to dominate the Continent and then the world. We must hold on and let the cauldron simmer. No doubt the pot will soon be calling the kettle black.

We must hold on to our ideas and principles too in contrast to the German idea of a Europe dominated by a single power.

We in company with all those countries who value their independence know that victory for the British Commonwealth of Nations will not bring ruin to any state and will not interfere with free activities in any country, will not put an end to anyone's liberties, and will not hamper any industrial enterprise.

Our victories will bring to the 90 per cent peace loving people security to pursue their own affairs, to do what they want, to plan in common for the future, to go about their business without fear and without wasting millions on armaments and without diverting their trade energies and wealth to the interests of one State.—Reuter.

LATE MR. D. J. DESAI

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Uthumna ceremony of Mr. Devidas Jekisondas Desai, well-known Solicitor, who died on Monday last, was held at "Annie Villa," Santa Cruz, this evening. More than 700 persons, including many admirers and friends of the late Mr. Desai, came to the ceremony and tendered their condolences.

Among those present were Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Mr. Mangaldas Pakwasa, Mr. R. P. Masani, Vice-Chancellor of the Bombay University, Mr. M. N. Cama, Dr. Jivraj Mehta, Mr. Pranlal Devkaran Nanjee, Mr. Nagindas Master, Mr. K. R. P. Shroff, Mr. S. C. Majumdar, Mr. Jagatlal, Mr. Ramlal Podar, Mr. Virmal Chaturbhuj and other leading Solicitors and dignitaries.

All the Municipal and private schools in Bandra, the Hindu Gymkhana and many other institutions remained closed as a mark of respect to the late Mr. Desai. —United Press.

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On The Air

FRIDAY, JULY 12.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. News in Marathi. 7-40 News in Gujarati. 7-50 Jaltarang Solo. 8 Keep fit! 8-10 Bai Sundra Bai. 8-25 Abdur Rehman and party. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 9-10 Tunes of the town. 9-20 Nisar Ahmed. 12-30 p.m. A Galaxy of Ghazals. 12-45 Film Ke Sitare. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Ek Par Biji. 1-10 Naats. 1-20 Mutual understandings. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Do you know madame? 1-40 Lunch hour music. 4-15 Musical prelude. 4-20 Science. 4-35 Airs from the West. 4-45 Hindustani. 5 Bai Sundra Bai. 5-20 Bachubhai. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Umashashi. 5-45 Marutirao Pahelwan. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Manohar Swarup. 6-20 A Nauich Tune. 6-25 Nisar Ahmad. 6-40 Bai Sundra Bai. 7 They weave a story, 1. 7-15 Abdur Rehman and party. 7-30 M. U. Khan. 7-45 Dheere Dheere Avo. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 To-morrow. 8-30 M. L. Chowla's broadcast from Lahore on News from Berlin (relayed). 8-45 Indian records. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-50 Nisar Ahmed. 10-5 Songs from Woman. 10-15 Saraswati Mane.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Sarangi and sitar. 7-40 Kanan-bala. 7-50 to 8-40 As in Bombay 1. 8-40 Saraswati Mane. 9 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1.

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

12-30 to 12-57 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 12-57 Biren Bose and party. 1 to 1-30 As in Bombay 1. 1-30 Musical interlude. 1-35 to 2-30 As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

4-15 to 5-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 5-25 Siddiqui. 5-35 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 Children's hour. 7 to 7-30 As in Bombay 1. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 to 7-55 As in Bombay 1. 7-55 Marutirao Pahelwan. 8-10 Bai Sundra Bai. 8-25 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 8-30 Bombaim, play by A. Menon. 9 Saraswati Mane. 9-30 Dunstan Roberts. 9-40 Sebastian Vaz and his orchestra. 10-20 Harry Potter. 10-30 Close down.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. Air Strings. 5-5 Asad Ali Khan. 5-30 Banne Khan Qawwal and party. 5-50 Delhi Radio Orchestra. 6-15 Geet. 6-30 Rashid Ahmad. 6-50 A Clarionet Recital. 7 A better world. 1. 7-15 Ghulam Mohammad. 7-30 Faqiruddin. 7-45 World affairs. 8 Umra Zia Begam. 8-15 For villagers only. 10 It has happened or Afridi Naghma on the sarinda. 10-5 Delhi Radio Orchestra. 10-10 Umra Zia Begam. 10-30 Persian music. 11 Persian music.

Delhi II—Programme

60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

5 to 8-15 p.m. As in Delhi 1. 8-15 Asad Ali Khan. 8-30 Ghulam Mohammad. 8-40 Banne Khan Qawwal and party. 9 to 9-30 As in Delhi 1. 9-30 Rashid Ahmad Ajmeri. 9-45 Faqiruddin. 10 to 10-5 As in Delhi 1. 10-5 Asad Ali Khan. 10-30 Ghulam Mohammad. 10-45 Umra Zia Begam.

Delhi III—Programme

31.3 metres (9,590 kc/s)

5-50 to 7 p.m. As in Delhi 2. 8-25 to 8-42 As in Delhi 2. 9 to 10-30 As in Delhi 1. 10-30 A sarangi recital. 10-45 Asad Ali Khan.

Calcutta I—Programme

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

5 p.m. For the children. 5-50 Aparesh Chatterjee. 6-6 Boys and girls come out to play. 6-40 Air Players. 9 Ashit Mukerjee. 9-30 Relay from Daventry. 9-55 Narayan Rao.

Calcutta II—Programme

61.98 metres (4,840 kc/s)

5 to 9-30 p.m. As in Calcutta 1. 9-40 Nirmal Ch. Sen. 9-55 to 10-30 As in Calcutta 1.

BERLIN EXPOSED FROM LAHORE

A swarm of Hee we hear from Berlin every day! Here's a tonic talk by Mr. M. L. Chowla, meant to dissipate gloomy forebodings and reveal the doings of the Nazis in their fine colour. Mr. Chowla will speak from Lahore to-day (Friday), at 8-30 p.m., and his talk will be relayed by Bombay.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Calcutta Mail (via Chheoki)	9-35	20-15
Madras Mail	6-00	22-05
Peshawar-Lucknow (Express)	6-15	23-45
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	9-05	18-05
Madras Express	10-15	14-30
Poona Mail	10-30	17-30
Punjab Mail	12-30	17-40
Nagpur Express	15-50	21-00
Poona Fast Passenger	16-50	11-50
Poona Express	19-32	8-05

B. B. and C. I. Railway

	Arr. H.M	Dep. H.M
Ahmedabad Passenger	5-35	13-50
Delhi Express	6-00	22-15
Kathiawar Mail	6-45	21-35
Gujarat Mail	7-25	22-00
Frontier Mail	8-15	21-15
	(*Mon.)	(Sat.)
The Flying Ranee Surat	9-48	15-10
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Monday)	10-58	
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Saturday)		18-05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-15	22-30
Kathiawar Express	18-45	8-45
Baroda Passenger	2037	9-00

*If Monday is a Bank holiday this train will run on Tuesday.

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Improved Buying In N. Y. Cotton Market

DAMAGE TO COTTON CROP IN CENTRAL BELT

Active Covering In July

Bombay: July 11.

On Wednesday the attention of the New York cotton market was focussed on reported damage to the cotton in the Central Belt. The weekly weather report states that temperatures were abnormally low everywhere over the Cotton Belt and there was frequent rainfall over portions of the Central Belt. General weather has been decidedly unfavourable being too cool for good growth and too wet for cultivation in many places and favouring weevil activity. Cool weather retards the growth of cotton plants and the subsoil moisture will not allow cultivation of land increasing growth of weeds. These weeds make the land poorer and with increased boll-weevil activity the crop remains in a defensive position. Dry warm weather is urgently needed to improve crop.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market was narrow with absence of outside participation and traders were more inclined to await developments in Washington particularly in connection with loan announcement.

The market opened steady and there was short covering in July. There was local, New Orleans and spot house buying of new crop months on reported damage in the Central Belt. Later on there was small hedge selling and realising and the market closed very steady.

At the opening July was quoted 15 pts higher at 7.77 which was the highest level. Later on there was increased selling and July declined to 9.68, which was the lowest level. Prices again improved and July closed 11 pts up at 9.73. New crop months advanced 9 to 12 pts. Spot cotton prices closed 10 pts higher at 10.50c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton market was also steady with improved buying and closed at a rise of 11 to 9 pts. Spot cotton was unchanged at 10.50c per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton market opened at a decline of 2 pts with October 7.12. The market was steady. There were fair sales of South Brazilian and Egyptian for autumn delivery. Import buyings of all growths are heavily restricted. July licences for imports from South America cover only about 10 per cent of applications. There was hedge selling and absence of outside support. The market closed at a rise of 5 pts to unchanged. Middling American spot cotton prices closed 6 pts up at 7.85d per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton futures were quietly steady. Uppers futures closed 1 to 2 pts up and Giza futures closed unchanged to one point down.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York July highest 9.97+15 (10 a.m.) lowest 9.68+06 (11-27 a.m.)

Liverpool July highest 7.43+05; lowest 7.38

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York.—Trade buying on unfavourable crop weather reports.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: July 10.

July	9.73+11
Middling Spot	10.58+10

NEW CONTRACT

July	9.97+17
October	9.43+10
December	9.27+09
January	9.17+09
March	9.05+11
May	8.89+12

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York: July 10.

July	9.73+11
Middling Spot	10.50

NEW CONTRACT

July	9.80
October	9.48+10
December	9.31+09
11 a.m. Ranges.	Noon Call
July	9.71/9.71 9.70
October	9.36/9.35 9.37
December	9.20/9.20 9.21

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	2,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	Nil.
Day's exports to the Continent	Nil
Day's exports to China & Japan	Nil.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool: July 10.

July	7.43+06
August	7.32+02
September	7.24+02
October	7.15+01
November	7.02+01
December	5.59+01
January	6.83+01
February	6.83
March	6.79
April	6.74
May	6.70
June	6.65
July	6.61
Middling Spot	7.88+06

10 a.m. QUOTATIONS

October	7.12
January	Unquoted

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

Statement of the affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 5th July, 1940:—

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	Rs.
CAPITAL:—		
Authorised—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each		11,25,00,000
Issued and Subscribed—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each		11,25,00,000
Called up—75,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, fully paid		3,75,00,000
1,50,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, Rs. 125 paid	1,87,50,000	5,62,50,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders—Rs. 375 per share on 1,50,000 shares		5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund		5,60,00,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts		88,38,58,000
Loans against Securities per contra		
Acceptances for Constituents		21,000
Sundries		1,01,00,000
RUPEES		100,62,59,000

ASSETS.	Rs.	Rs.
INVESTMENTS:—		
Government Securities	36,88,73,000	
Other Authorised Investments	97,93,000	37,86,66,000
ADVANCES:—		
Loans	8,18,33,000	
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	33,65,57,000	
Bills Discounted and Purchased	5,18,06,000	47,01,95,000
Liability of Constituents for Acceptances per contra		21,000
Dead Stock		1,82,90,000
Sundries		41,88,000
Bullion		
CASH:—		
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	9,85,15,000	
Balances with other Banks	3,63,84,000	13,48,99,000
RUPEES		100,62,59,000

PEPPER & GINGER PRICES

Bombay: July 11.

(The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd.)

	Rs.as.ps.
Pepper ready Alleppey per candy	82 0 0
Pepper Bhadarwa Sud 15 per candy	84 0 0
Pepper Maha Sud 12 per candy	87 12 0
Ginger ready bleached per cwt	16 0 0
Ginger Maha Sud 15 per cwt	13 4 0

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay: July 11.

Yellow Metal Sheet	Rs. 56
Copper Sheets	Rs. 69

Tone:—Steady.

LONDON RUBBER

London: July 10.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb. 12 3/4 sellers.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay: July 11.

Yesterday London Gold was unchanged at £8/8/0. Dollar Sterling cross rate was 4.02-1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 3.75 at New York.

London spot silver prices improved 1/4d at 21 15/16d and forward quotation was raised 3/16d at 21 3/4d. There was bear covering and offerings were small. New York spot silver was unchanged at 34 3/4 cents and Shanghai T T on London was quoted at 3 3/4. London Bombay spot silver parity was Rs. 58/2 and forward parity was Rs. 57/11/3. The local market was quiet but steady with a restricted turnover. The market was dull awaiting new development.

Quotations were as under:—

Ready: Gold Rs. 41/13/6; Silver Rs. 62/1 /0

Ashad: Gold Rs. 41/14/0; Silver Rs. 61/14/0

LONDON SILVER

London: July 10.

Spot	21 15/16
Forward	21 3/4

LONDON GOLD

London: July 10.

Gold Bars Fine per Oz.	£8/8/0

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York: July 10.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report of New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars
Amr For Pow 7 per cent Pfd	16
Amr For Pow 5 per cent Debs	50
Amr Pow and Lt 5 per cent Pfd	44 1/4
Electric Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd	29 1/4
Electric Bond and Share Common	6 5/8
Electric Bond and Share Dol.5 Pfd	62
Amr Tel and Tel	158 3/8
Sun Life of Canada	178
Western Union Telegraph	17 7/8
New York Central R R	11 3/4
Great Northern Pfd	22 5/8
Union Pacific	82
Chesapeake and Ohio	36 7/8
Australian 5 per cent 1955	45
Columbia Gas	6
Int Tel and Tel	2 5/8
Uniter States Steel	51 1/4
Bethlehem Steel	75
National Steel	57
Crucible Steel	29 7/8
Allegheny Ludlum Steel	21 3/4
Republic Steel	16 5/8
U S Smelting	50
Int Nickel of Canada	23 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	19 1/4
Chrysler Motors	64
General Motors	43 1/4
Socony	8 3/4
Consolidated Oil	6 3/8
St Oil of N J	34 3/4
Texas Corporation	38 1/2
National City Bank of N Y	25 1/2
Turnover 280,000 shares.	

CONSUMPTION OF INDIAN COTTON

The Indian Central Cotton Committee has issued the following statement of Indian cotton (pressed and unpressed) consumed in mills in India, based on returns made under the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923, by mills in British India and on voluntary returns from mills in Indian States:—

(In bales of 400 lbs. nett)

	CONSUMPTION. During May 1940.	During May 1939.	Since 1st Sept. 1939.	During the corresponding period last year.
British India	213,634	210,426	1,794,109	1,947,290
Indian States	47,662	47,939	415,764	412,528
Total—India	261,296	258,365	2,209,873	2,359,818

N. B.—Due to corrections which have sometimes to be made in the figures previously published, the progressive totals shown in these statistics do not necessarily represent the sum of the latest month's figures and the progressive totals published in the preceding months.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay: July 11.

The local cotton market was fairly firm today on professional buying and prices hardened further. The present rise is entirely due to professional buying. These professional operators after depressing prices to unduly low levels decided to improve prices and are now buying freely possibly with a view to resell at higher levels. When they found that the decline was overdone and there was extensive long liquidation, they found the market in a strong position and one after another came to cover short sales and the market being rendered narrow small buying is having more effect. It remains to be seen how far they succeed in raising prices. The cotton situation is obscure. So far there is no material change in the export outlook and July tenders being much below expectation, the market is correcting oversold situation.

In response to a rise of 10 pts in New York cotton futures the market was expected to open at Rs. 192 for Broach A/M delivery, but the market opened quiet at Rs. 189/8 and declined to Rs. 189. At this level there was active professional buying and prices advanced to Rs. 193. It may be interesting to note that most of the city forward markets being closed, professionals are taking more interest in cotton where free trading continues.

There was further active buying and prices advanced to Rs. 196/8, but again reacted to Rs. 195/8 on scattered liquidation. There was general buying and prices advanced to Rs. 199, but reacted to Rs. 197/8 on realising Liverpool markets opened at a rise of 3 pts. and in the local market Broach A/M was quoted at Rs. 198. Later there was increased selling by a prominent operator and prices declined to Rs. 194/8. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

F G M G Broach July/August	Rs. 170/12
F G M G Broach April/May	Rs. 194/0
Fine M G Oomra July	Rs. 160/0
Fine M G Oomra Dec/Jan	Rs. 170/8
F G M G Bengal July	Rs. 129/0
F G M G Bengal Dec/Jan	Rs. 140/4

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay: July 11.

In full-pressed bales.	Yesterday.	This year.	Since 1st September. Last year
Khandesh	55,579	38,685	
Central India	109,361	224,139	
Barsi and Nagar	114,118	92,347	
Hyderabad-Gaorani	47,970	4,474	
Berar	318,400	162,254	
Central Provinces	76,962	38,096	
Total Oomras	722,390	559,995	
Dholera	89,297	276,665	
N.-W. Provinces	26,048	8,721	
Rajputana	35,228	74,677	
Sind-Punjab 230	360,794	326,654	
Broach	407,930	414,442	
Coompta and Dharwar	48,907	144,271	
Westerns-Northerns	34,730	92,302	
Cocoanada	86	98	
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	1,390	2,631	
Persian			
American			
Egyptian, African and Sudan			
Comilla, Burma and other sorts			
Total 230	1,726,800	1,900,456	
Arrived by road to 4th July, 1940	339,387		

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay: July 11.

		Extra Spr-fine.	Sup. Fine.	F.G.	Good
M G	Bengal U P	136	133	130	127
M G	Punjab	136	133	130	127
M G	Rajputana	143	140	137	134
M G	Oomra No. 3	166	164	161	158 ..
M G	C. P. No. 1	177	175	172	169 ..
M G	C. P. No. 2	170	168	165	162 ..
M G	Broach No. 2	176	173	171	168
M G	Punjab-Ame.	206	204	202	199
M G	Surat	229	227	225	222
M G	Rajputana	223	221	219	216
M G	Navsari	234	232	230	227

COTTON PARITY

Broach J/A below Liverpool July 359 penny points at Exch 1/6

Broach A/M below Liverpool May 235 penny points at Exch 1/6

Broach J/A below New York July 322 cent points at Exch 331

Broach A/M below New York May 152 cent points at Exch 331

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay: July 10.

		Highest	Lowest	Closing
Broach	J/A	168	160 1/4	168
Broach	A/M	190 1/2	184 1/2	190 1/4
Oomra	July	158 1/2	149	158 1/2
Oomra	D/J	167	161 1/2	165 1/2
Bengal	July	126 1/2	121	126 1/2
Bengal	D/J	138	130 1/2	138

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool: July 10.

	UPPERS.	GIZA No. 2
Spot	11.70+1	11.23—0
July	11.08+1	10.58—2
October	10.56+1	10.45—0
December	10.56+1	Nov. 10.45—0
January	10.37+2	10.38—1
March	10.21+2	10.22—1
May	10.14+2	10.15—1

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay: July 11.

	Rs.as.ps.
Wheat September	0 6 0
Silver Ashad	1 0 0
Gold Ashad	0 9 0

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London: July 10.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS—

3 per cent	79
3 1/2 per cent	91 1/2
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	100
4 per cent 1948/53	104
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	107
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	109
5 per cent 1942/47	103 3/4
3 per cent 1949/52	96
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	72 3/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	99 3/8
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	110 5/8
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary	36/10½

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATION

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay: July 11.

Yarn No.	August	October	Decmbr.
6 1/2s.	122	124	126
10 1/2s.	137	140	143
20 1/2s.	170	175	178
40s.	241	244	247

GROUNDNUTS & SEEDS

Bombay: July 11.

	Rs.as.ps.
Castorseeds September—	
Opening	38 8 0
Highest	39 12 0
Lowest	38 8 0
Closing	39 2 0
Groundnuts August—	
Opening	30 7 0
Highest	31 8 0
Lowest	30 4 0
Closing	31 7 0
Cottonseeds September—	
Opening	26 0 0
Highest	26 0 0
Lowest	26 0 0
Closing	26 0 0

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay: July 11.

Steady conditions prevailed on the market to-day. Steel shares made narrow movements closing slightly higher. Tata Deferreds opened at 1747/8 and after fluctuating bitween 1755 and 1745 closed at 1755. The Ordinaries commenced dealings at 335/8 and advanced to 337. Textile shares also presented a steady tone with Bombay Dyeings quoted around 905.

The following are the important quotations on the Exchange to-day:—

Tata Deferreds (1747/8) 1747/8 1755 1745 1755

Tata Ordinaries (335/8) 335/8 336/8 336 337

Tata Ordinary 337; Tata Deferred 1755; Indian Iron 26/4; Bombay Dyeing 905; Century 255; Central India 250; Kohinoor 345; Associated Cement 113/8; Bombay Burma 532/8 Scindia Steam 18/12; Tata Hydro 152/8; Reserve Bank 99/8; Imperial Bank F P 1437/8; Central Bank 33; Bank of India 132; 3 1/2 per cent Paper 87/4.

BETTER FEELING IN YARN MARKET

Bombay, July 10

A slightly better feeling prevailed in the yarn market especially in the earlier part of the week probably due to some improvement in cotton prices as well as in prices of other commodities as a result of the hopes entertained by the mercantile community that some workable scheme with regard to War Risk Insurance on land, on cotton and all other commodities will possibly be evolved and put into operation by the Government of India from the middle of this month and also due to some what better news regarding the War situation. In the latter part of the week, however, the unfavourable political news from Japan along with less hopeful signs of political settlement between the Government of India and the leading political parties in the country have rather unfavourably affected all markets as a result of which prices of cotton have once again reacted and this has again adversely affected the yarn market to a certain extent. Reports from almost all important consuming districts in India are yet far from satisfactory. Stocks with the Indian mills both of yarns as well as of cloth have been steadily increasing and latest reports go to show that some of them have been seriously thinking of either curtailing their production or of stopping entirely for some time until the situation shows definite signs of improvement. As regards Export markets business is practically at a standstill for various reasons. In the Far Eastern markets due to the recent political developments there has been absolutely no enquiry from that source. On the other hand importers over there have been offering to resell their goods in Indian markets at a loss. As regards other export markets immense difficulty of securing freights has been responsible for very restricted exports to those markets. The future tendency is not yet hopeful although the present level of prices apparently seems to be very low and attractive.

ENGLISH YARNS

There is nothing to report in this class of yarns where business is not possible at all at present.

Prices in Japanese and Shanghai yarns have remained steady with a slightly better feeling throughout the whole past week and turnover has been showing some signs of gradual improvement. The recent political developments between Japan and Great Britain are also responsible for some improvement in demand for Japanese and Shanghai yarns from local dealers as well as from consuming districts during the week. In case of Mercerised yarns speculative enquiries have considerably improved and prices have shown a tendency to rise further with a firm undertone at the close. Offtake during the week has shown gradual improvement and if this state of affairs continues stocks will be slowly going down. Fresh forward business with Japan and Shanghai is very negligible on account of the uncertainty in the political situation and also due to heavy fluctustions in Exchange. Yen Exchange has improved further during the week.

After a continued and heavy fall in prices of all kinds of art silk yarns, market has remained steady with a slightly better feeling both in art silk yarns as well as in Staple fibre yarns. The present offtake is not yet sufficient to enable the prices to advance rapidly but confidence is slightly revived and the decline seems to be almost checked. The future tendency is yet uncertain.

There has been no important change in prices of 10 1/2s and 20 1/2s in the Bombay Yarn Exchange Ltd., during the week. Local mills have not made any sales of importance in the absence of buyers at anything like remunerative prices. The future tendency continues to remain uncertain.

Position Of Scheduled Banks

Statement of the position of scheduled banks as at the close of business on 5th July:—

1. Demand Liabilities:		
(a) In India		140,51,18,000
(b) In Burma		7,17,24,000
2. Time Liabilities:		
(a) In India		102,50,56,000
(b) In Burma		3,73,92,000
3. Cash:		
i. Currency notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes.		
(a) In India		7,05,36,000
(b) In Burma		1,88,000
ii. Burma Notes:		
(a) In India		27,000
(b) In Burma		37,68,000
iii. Rupee Coin:		
(a) In India		95,52,000
(b) In Burma		1,19,000
iv. Subsidiary Coin:		
(a) In India		28,69,000
(b) In Burma		43,000
4. Balances with Reserve Bank		23,71,20,000
5. Advances:		
(a) In India		133,48,78,000
(b) In Burma		4,58,83,000
6. Bills Discounted:		
(a) In India		4,26,47,000
(b) In Burma		12,50,000

Comparative statement of the position of scheduled banks.

(In thousand Rupees)

	5-7-1940	28-6-1940	7-7-1939	1-9-1939
1. Demand liabilities in India & Burma	147,78,42	143,93,68	134,92,80	141,39,78
	(7,17,24)	(7,34,38)	(6,85,60)	(7,03,29)
2. Time liabilities in India & Burma	106,24,48	107,76,30	107,04,98	106,46,46
	(3,73,92)	(3,71,57)	(4,31,34)	(4,22,12)
3. Total cash in India & Burma	8,71,12	11,01,84	6,73,00	7,29,82
	(41,18)	(42,96)	(34,95)	(59,37)
4. Balances with Reserve Bank	23,71,20	20,29,72	19,16,86	25,27,75
5. Advances in India & Burma	138,07,61	140,23,84	115,20,88	106,65,08
	(4,58,83)	(4,62,24)	(3,96,56)	4,12,92)
6. Bills discounted in India & Burma	4,38,97	5,00,79	5,92,23	3,86,74
	(12,50)	(14,82)	(27,10)	(29,48)

(Burma figures are shown in brackets)

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, July 11.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52	93-8
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	100-6
3 per cent 1951/54 Bonds	94
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes	87-6
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	100-8
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	103-2
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	98-12
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan	104-12
5 per cent 1940/43 Bonds	100-6
3 per cent 1963/65 Loans	85-12
TAX-FREE LOANS	
3 per cent 1945/55 Loan	108
4 per cent 1953/65 Mysore	105
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	117-8
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent B. P. T.	1947 99-4
4 per cent M. Deb.	1947 98-8
5 per cent M. Deb.	1959 106
6 per cent M. Deb.	1954 113
6 per cent K. P. T.	1956 113

Tone: Steady to firm.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay: July 11.

B. C. RATES—

T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 11th January

LONDON:—

Banks selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 11th January

Banks buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 11th January

Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32 One month

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month.

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/4 Two months.

NEW YORK:—

Banks selling T T 333 1/2

Bank's buying T T 330

Bank's buying D D 328

PARIS:—

Bank's selling T T not quoted

Bank's buying T T not quoted

JAPAN:—

Banks selling T T 87 nominal

Banks buying T T 82 nominal

Banks buying 60 days 81 1/4 nominal

JAVA—

Banks selling D D 55 3/4

HONGKONG—

Banks selling D D 84 3/4

SHANGHAI—

Banks selling D D 24 1/4

SINGAPORE—

Banks selling D D 157 3/4

CROSS RATES—

Hongkong/London 1/3 1/32 11th inst.

Shanghai/London 0/4 1/8 11th inst.

New York/London 3.74 10th inst.

London/Java not quoted

London/New York 4.02 1/2-3 1/2 10th inst.

London/Paris not quoted

London/Switzerland 17.75/85 10th inst.

London/Stockholm 16.85/95 10th inst.

London/Japan 1/3 1/2 10th inst.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet

Gold £8/8/0 9th inst.

Gold £8/8/0 10th inst.

Silver London Ready 21 11/16 9th inst.

Silver London Ready 21 15/16 10th inst.

Silver London Forward 21 9/16 9th inst.

Silver London Forward 21 3/4 10th inst.

Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 9th inst.

Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 10th inst.

London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 9th inst.

London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 10th inst.

London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 9th inst.

London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 10th inst.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—Call 1/2 per cent.

3 months 1 1/4 per cent.

6 months 1 1/2 per cent.

Tone:—Very easy

Sugar Market Quiet With Heavier Arrivals

Bombay: July 10.

JAVA SUGAR

Since our last review local market for ready Java sugar continued to remain extremely quiet owing to poor offtake and sales of Indian sugars of superior grades at lower rates. Prices on the whole show slight improvement as holders are firm and prefer to sell ex Bond for which price is much higher as compared with the price available in the local market. There was occasional enquiry ex-Bond delivery for Kathiawar Ports and it was reported business was done for small quantity on the basis of Rs. 8/15 to Rs. 9 ex-Bond usual terms. Further business was, however, checked owing to delays in movements of the steamers and difficulty of getting freight for particular Port or Ports. No business was reported for July as Java prices were above local parity and difficulty about licence etc. There was small interest in September and business was done between dealers and outsiders on the basis of Rs. 8/13 to Rs. 8/14 per cwt. Most of the business done for September during last few weeks is of the nature of local adjustments and according to the reports so far no direct business is placed in Java. It is a question whether direct shipments would be possible owing to import restrictions. At the close, tone of the market was uncertain.

INDIAN SUGARS

Market for ready remained quiet with prices fluctuating within narrow limits. Arrivals were heavier this week and most of the arrivals had to be cleared by the local dealers as ready demand was poor and there was pressure of sales by weak holders. Cawnpore market was reported dull. Second hand parties were sellers at prices which were in many cases about 6 to 8 annas per md. below Syndicate limits, but business was very restricted in absence of satisfactory demand from consuming centres. Dealers generally take very pessimistic view of the future and have adopted hand to mouth policy. Arrivals during the week are estimated at 1200 tons and stocks at 3500 tons. At the close, undertone was weak.

FOREIGN MARKETS

On the New York Terminal Market there was an alround decline of 2 points. Java market was reported steady with "Nivas" limit unchanged. It was reported that shipments for India were negligible on account of disparity in prices and present restrictions for imports to British India.

CALCUTTA AND KARACHI

There were no stocks of Java sugar in Calcutta and quotations are nominal. In Karachi there were small stocks which were gradually sold for transhipment at prices which were much above the prices available in the local market. In forward there was no interest at present. As regards Indians sugars, both Karachi and Calcutta markets were reported dull owing to unsatisfactory demand and pressure of sales by second hand parties at far below Syndicate limits. Due to heavy stocks, lying unsold, and in absence of any encouraging reports dealers prefer to refrain from entering into fresh commitments.

SHIPMENTS

Shipments from Java during May 1940 are estimated at 84,000 tons which is considered very satisfactory.

GENERAL

Local market for ready Java is likely to remain steady with prices fluctuating round about the present level of prices. As regards forward positions, situation is extremely uncertain at present and will depend upon political developments as well as policy of the Government regarding granting of licences for imports of sugar in India.

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay: July 11.

Fine White Java Sugar per cwt—

Shipment September Rs. 8/12 F.B.H.

Indian Sugars Ready—

Ready ordinary Rs. 17/6 to 17/10.

Ready large grain Rs. 17/11 to 18/6.

Tone:—Steady.

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay: July 11.

The declaration of dividend on Tata Steel Defds of Rs. 143/14/7 and on Ordinary shares Rs. 25 being on lines of general expectation, there was no effect on the market to-day where prices fluctuated within a narrow tange under moderate business.

The steady rise in cotton prices had better effect but operators were not inclined to operate freely awaiting developments in the European situation Thus there was restricted business and prices were more or less stationary with minor changes.

Tata Steel Defds opened at Rs. 1760 and after declining to Rs. 1750 improved to Rs. 1767/8. July opened at Rs. 1780 and after declining to Rs. 1765 advanced to Rs. 1798. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 339 and after declining to Rs. 336/8 improved to Rs. 338. July delivery closed at Rs. 339. Bombay Burma shares were firm at R

NEW YORK COTTON FIVE POINTS UP

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1940
New York, July 11

Previous closing	9.43
To-day's opening	9.48
Difference	+05
To-day's closing	9.48
Difference	+05

BROACH EXPECTATION

Broach July/August	Rs. 171
Broach April/May	Rs. 194

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1940
Liverpool, July 11

Previous closing	7.15
To-day's opening	7.17
Difference	+02
To-day's closing	7.20
Difference	+05

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, July 11

New York cotton displayed considerable activity following steadier overseas cables but later prices receded on liquidation and hedge selling.

The trading in October began at 9.48 i.e. five points higher than the last closing. Prices advanced on higher Liverpool and Bombay advices and local buying but thereafter considerable outside selling and liquidation appeared with October easing to 9.37.

The following were opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange :—

July Old (9.77/75) 9.75/70
October (9.37/36) 9.49/48
December (9.20/20) 9.33/32

LONDON COMMODITIES

SEEDS.
London, July 11

Castorseeds July/August (£18 1/8) £18 1/8
Linseed Bombay Calcutta July/August (£16 9/8) £16 7/8
Linseed La Plata July/August (£15) £15
Groundnuts Coromandal July (£16) £16

JUTES

Dundee August (£34 3/4) £34 3/4
Lightning August (£32) £30 1/2

RUBBER.

Spot (12 3/4d paid and sellers) 12 1/2d. paid and buyers
Forward October December (11 3/4d paid and value) 11 3/4d paid and value

METALS.

Tin (£264 3/4 buyers £265 sellers. Steadier) £267 1/2 buyers; £268 sellers. Firmer
Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62
Lead Foreign Cash (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (123 sh.) 123 sh.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON
New York, July 11

Previous closing	3.75
To-day's opening	3.73

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK
London, July 11

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS
London, July 11

Previous closing	176 1/2 to 176 3/4
To-day's opening	Not quoted
To-day's closing	Not quoted

LONDON SILVER CABLE
London, July 11

The following cable was received from London :—

Little speculative selling. Business very small.

LONDON SILVER
London, July 11

Spot (21 15/16d) 21 13/16 — 1/8
Forward (21 3/4d) 21 5/8d —1/8

LONDON GOLD
London, July 11

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£8 8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON EXCHANGES
London, July 11

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02.50 to 4.03.50 which is officially fixed rate.

Franc was officially fixed at 175.50 to 176.75

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay (unquoted) unquoted
New York on Bombay (30.32) 30.32
New York on Milan (unquoted) unquoted
London on Shanghai (0-3 3/4 to 0-4 1/8) 0-3 11/16 to 0-4 3/32
London on Kobe (1-2 7/8 to 1-3 3/8) 1-3 to 1-3 1/2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent
6 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent

BULLION AND SEEDS
Bombay, July 11

There was no trading during the night session.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
New York, July 11

The following are the opening quotations :—

General Motors (dol 43 1/8) dol 43 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 19 1/2) dol 19 1/2
U S Steel Common (dol 51 1/2) dol 52 1/8
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted

3 1|2 P.C. STERLING LOAN
London, July 11

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed unchanged at £91 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, July 11

The London Stock Exchange was quiet and irregular.

INDIAN LOANS
London, July 11

3 per cent Indian Stocks (£96) £96
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1950/55 (£107) £107
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1958/68 (£109) £109
4 per cent Indian Stocks 1948/53 (£104) £104
5 per cent Indian Stocks 1942/47 (£103 3/4) £103 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1954/58 (£100) £100

AUSTRALIAN LOANS
5 per cent 1958/68 (£102) £102

BRITISH FUNDS
2 1/2 per cent Consols (£72 3/8) £72 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£99 7/8) £99 3/4
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£98 1/2) £98 1/2
4 per cent Funding Loan (£110 5/8) £110 5/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£99 3/8) £99 1/4
New War Loan (£100) £100
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 1/4) £109 1/4

INDUSTRIALS
Standard Motors (8-7 1/2) 8-6
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (31-0) 31-3
Hydro Electric (No dealings) No dealings
Electric Music Industry (5-0) 5-0
Princhin Johnson (15-7 1/2) 15-7 1/2
Imperial Chemicals (23-4 1/2) 23-7 1/2
Woolsworth New Ordinary (48-0) 48-6
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1939 (£31) £31
Dundee Rubber (24-4 1/2) 24-10 1/2
Unilever Ordinary (18-0) 20-0
Ford Motors (15-7 1/2) 15-7 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£34) £34
British American Tobacco Ordinary (63-9) 65-0
Carreas 'A' (£3 7/8) £3 5/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (81-10 1/2) 85-0
P and O Def (14-9) 14-6
Distillers (56-0) 55-6
Bredfords Dye (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
British Celanese (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (26-3) 26-3
Courtaulds Ordinary (24-4 1/2) 24-10 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (3-3) 3-3
Vickers Limited Ordinary (12-6) 12-9
Inter Nickel Ordinary (No dealings) No dealings
Indian Iron (36-10 1/2) 37-6

TEA SHARES
Assam (13-1 1/2) 13-1 1/2
Donaro Tea (25-0) 25-0
Empire of India (16-6) 16-10 1/2

JUTE
Barnagore (£8 1/2) £8 1/2

RUBBER SHARES
Anglo Dutch Rubber (15-3) 15-0
Gula Kelampong (15-0) 15-0
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (22-6) 22-3

MINING SHARES
Nandydrug (22-6) 22-6
Burma Corporation (7-0) 7-0
Rio Tintos (£5 1/2) £5 1/2
East Rand Properties (30-0) 30-6
Rand Mines (£5 5/8) £5 3/4

MINE SHARES
Crown (£12 1/8) £12
Associated Portland Cement (46-3) 46-3
Trinidad Leaseholds (53-9) 56-3
Sub Nigel (£7 1/4) £7 1/4
Spring Mines Split Shares (17-6) 16-10 1/2
Union Corporation (£5 5/8) £5 1/2

OIL SHARES
Venezuela Persian (19-4 1/2) 19-4 1/2
Anglo India (32-6) 32-6
Burma Oil (41-3) 42-6
Mexican Eagle (3-0) 3-6
Shell Transport (31-10 1/2) 33-9
Royal Dutch (No dealings) No dealings

RAILWAY SHARES
Great Western Ordinary (£28 1/2) £28
London Midland Ordinary (£11 1/2) £11 1/4
London North Eastern Def (£1 5/8) £1 5/8
London Southern Def (£9 1/2) £9 1/4
London Transport 5 per cent (£112 1/2) £113 1/2
London Transport 'C' (£29 1/2) £29 1/2

Audited Railway Traffic Returns

Messrs. Killick Nixon and Co. have issued the following Audited returns of traffic :—

	For April 1940.	Increase + or Decrease — when compared with April 1939.		Increase + or Decrease — when compared with corresponding period of previous year.
			From 1-1-40 to 30-4-40	
Tapti Valley Rly.	Rs. 2,97,750	+Rs. 47,457	Rs. 11,60,988	+Rs. 1,94,937
Ahmedabad Prantej Ry.	Rs. 1,14,177	—Rs. 2,855	Rs. 3,93,689	—Rs. 21,397
			From 1-4-40 to 30-4-40	
Guzerat Railways	Rs. 50,323	+Rs. 7,202	Rs. 50,323	+Rs. 7,202
			From 1-10-39 to 30-4-40	
Central Prov. Rlys.	Rs. 65,850	+Rs. 12,476	Rs. 3,90,816	+Rs. 30,632
Mandra Bhon Rly.	Rs. 16,130	+Rs. 262	Rs. 1,05,676	+Rs. 4,228
Sialkot Narowal Rly.	Rs. 33,974	—Rs. 2,136	Rs. 2,55,633	+Rs. 15,265

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVED
Bombay : July 11.

N Y Kaisha's Japanese s s Penang Maru of 3230 reg tons Capt K Kateyama arrived from Yokohama with general cargo.

LOADING
Bombay : July 11.

The following vessel is booked for loading on 11/7/1940 :—

Norwegian s s Hoegh Silverdawn.

IMPORTS
Bombay : July 11.

73 cases photo appliances, cinema films d|c 85 s|s medicines; 93 bdls cane; 229 pkgs aniline colours; 79 dms coaltar dye; 135 bls art silk yarn; 168 bdls rattans; 50 c|s Yokachin 126 ctns battery containtrs; 31 bags damar Batu; 88 casks chrome alum; 82 c|s cnd prunes; 42 c|s D|s fish; 39 c|s honey; 52 c|s cnd asparagus; 25 bls staple fibre yarn; 445 pkgs fresh fish; 42 c|s cnd grape fruit; 605 cases cashewnuts; 40 c|s Margerine; 50 tins refined coccanut oil; 2165 bls raw cotton; 530 pkgs rope; 76 bags iron bolts and nuts; 45 B|Bls powdered skim milk; 32 cases Paparkhar; 100 c|s dried prunes; 325 bdls news boards; 38 bags reclaimed rubber; 53 cases batteries; 70 cases coccanut oil; 659 cases dry fruits; 306 bags betelnuts.

EXPORTS
Bombay, July 11

220 bales raw cotton A Khimji and Co; 10 bales cotton gray yarn Ralli Bros Ltd; 300 bales cotton waste L O Vora; 430 tons scrap steel G Gabriel; 1200 bales raw cotton Japan Otn Trading Co Ltd; 400 tons old iron scrap The Nissho Co Ltd; 9 bales cotton print D Abraham and Sons; 700 bales cotton raw Kotak and Co; 1280 bags myrabollams R S Tata and Co; 100 bales raw cotton C Jethabhai and Co; 600 bales raw cotton N Nagsee and Co; 100 bales raw cotton Suleman and Co Ltd; 100 bales dill seeds M Bhankaria and Co; 100 bales raw cotton A Khimji and Co; 3428 bags castorseed L Dreyfus and Co; 3460 bags gr nut kernals The Oilseeds Trading Co Ltd; 100 bales raw cotton Nissho Co Ltd; 25 bales raw wool H E Dossa; 200 balts raw cotton K Vishram and Sons; 23 bales w|n carpets and rugs B Lawrie and Co Ltd; 1185 bags linseeds The Cotton Agents Ltd; 800 bales cotton raw Cotton Expert and Import Ltd; 1171 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha Ltd; 260 bags old buffalo pickers The Ideal Overseas Export Agency.

Hesitant Tone On London Stock Exchange

LONDON : July 10.

On the Stock Exchange Sir Kingsley Wood's overnight reference to the probability of increased taxation was responsible for the hesitant tone in the market, but selling was very small. Gilt-edged finished either unchanged or slightly lower on the balance. Other groups mostly eased but there was evidence of great firmness late in the session. The new 2 1/2 per cent National War Bonds were initially quoted at £100 1/4. Price is from ex-half-year dividend payable next January.—Reuter.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F. P. Bales.	1939-40	1938-39
Receipts to date 10-7-40	7627000	3919000
Receipts yesterday 10-7-40	2000	3000
Export to date 10-7-40	6331000	3478000
Stock at Ports 8-7-40	2462000	1917000
Stock at interior towns do.	2057000	2488000
Stock at Liverpool 8-7-40	400000	693000
Visible supply 8-7-40	.....	4923000
Quantity in sight 8-7-40	13587000	9365000
Quantity out of sight 8-7-40		10068000

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Cheerful Undertone

CALCUTTA, July 11

Dealings in all sections have been resumed on Stock Exchange from to-day and undertone of all of them seemed to be very much cheerful. Business was also reported on fair scale all-round, best features being Indian Iron, Indian Copper, Steel Corporation of Bengal and Government securities.

The following were the closing quotations : Government securities : 3 per cent loan 1941 100/9 small lot; 3 per cent loan 1951/54 93/10; 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper 87/4; 4 per cent loan 1960/70 100/4 small lot; 4 1/2 per cent loan 1955/60 104/14 small lot; 5 per cent loan 1940/43 100/6 small lot; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 108/2 small lot.

Banks : Imperial fully paid 1442/8; do conty 346; Reserve Bank 97/8.

Railways : Shahadara (Delhi) Saharanpur Rly 136 small lot; Muir Mills pref 67.

Coals : Bhalgora 4; Equitable 32/4; West Jamuria 25/12 small lot.

Jutes : Adamjee 18/12 ex div; Barnagore 109 ex div; Birla pref 120 ex div; Caledonian pref 154 c div; Clive 23/8 ex div; Craig pref 33 small lot; Delta pref 125 c div; Kelvin pref 153; Northbrook pref 128.

Miscellaneous : Burma Corporation 5; Indian Copper 3 ex div; Dalmia Cement pref 8s; Bareilly Electric 11/12; Bengal Telephone pref 11/12; Indian Iron 26/5; Steel Corpn ord 15/7; do pref 101 small lots; Balmer Lawrie 279 ex div small lot; British India Corporation ord 3/12; Dunlop Rubber ord. 26/8; Indo-Burma Petrol ord 101; Orient Paper pref 84/8; Midnapore Zemindary 77.

Teas : Hasimara 39/4; New Samanbagh pref 141 small lots; Pussimbing pref 99; Sapoi S ct; Tumsong pref 101.

Debentures : 5 1/2 per cent 1935/60 Great Eastern Hotel 103/8.—A. P.

Bank Of Baroda Ltd.

The net profit of the Bank of Baroda, Ltd., for the half year ended June 30, 1940, subject to audit, including Rs. 1,00,406-0-9 brought forward amounts to Rs. 4,29,196-14-8.

The Directors have resolved to declare an ad-interim dividend at the rate of ten per cent per annum free of income-tax, on the paid-up capital, which will absorb Rs. 2,35,737-1-10 and to carry forward the balance of Rs. 1,93,459-12-10 to the next account.

Madras Share Market

MADRAS, July 11

A slight better enquiry was in evidence in the local stock market. Miscellaneous shares were better enquired for chemical sugar and Paper shares were steady. Iron and Steel shares were firmer. Planting shares remained quiet. Transactions reported from 12 noon to 12 noon 11th instant. Kalasas 6; Vellamalai 10/10; Madras Telephone 15/8; Travancore Sugars 12; Spencer 'A' 8/4; Indian Steel Rolling 5/2 small lots.

Bihar Ban On 'Inside Nazi Germany'

PATNA, July 11.

The film entitled "Inside Nazi Germany" will be an uncertified film throughout the Province of Bihar, according to a Gazette notification.—A. P.

MODEL MILLS' STRIKE

NAGPUR, July 11.

A number of strikers started picketing at the gates of the Model Mills this morning, with a view to preventing the clerical staff entering the premises.

A workers' meeting is announced to be held this evening, preceded by a procession.—A. P.

Agricultural Goods And War Risk

KARACHI, July 10

The Karachi Indian Merchants' Association in a communication to the Government of India suggests that in order to remove panic among the merchants and to safeguard the interests of growers, the Central Government should, without delay, introduce a scheme to cover agricultural goods against war risk, including aerial bombardment on reasonable rates.

The Chamber states that since the entry of Italy into the war, India is now within the range of aerial raids and bombardment, particularly the large port towns on the western coast which are vulnerable and open to attacks.—United Press

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN)

While one feels that the precaution taken against Air Raids is a really wise move, one cannot help feeling that the dimming of street lights is going to cause many disastrous accidents.

In the suburbs, street lights have been shaded in a way which makes a complete black-out and specially under the several shady trees the position is bad.

On the Ghodbunder where traffic is the heaviest the problem is a very dangerous one. Driving through patch of darkness is no easy task, for besides somnolent milkmen the army of suburbs life stock is always seen about the roads, sometimes roasting right in the middle.

BANDRA CRICKET

The following will represent the Bandra Talkies Sports Club for a match against the Mangalorean Sporting Club, Bandra, on Sunday, 14th July, 1940, starting 11-15 a.m. on the Talkies ground, opposite the Talkies, Ghodbunder Road, Bandra.

James A. Rana (Capt.), Daniel Abraham, J. F. Fernandes, Jal Daruwalla, E. G. Pereira, F. Vaz, J. Reuben, J. Moares, R. Pereira, I. Fernandes, G. Pereira, extras Martin and Cardos.

Fixtures Of The Satiranjan Memorial Shield Tournament

July 13, 1940, Caltex Club Vs. United Young Friends S.C. at 4-40 p.m.
July 13, 1940, Best S.C. Vs. Khatau

Weather Report

POONA, July 11

The following is the maximum and the minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at the various stations during the 24 hours ending 8 a.m. to-day :—

STATIONS.	Temperatures. Maximum.	Minimum.	Rainfall Past 24 hours.	Total since June 1	Departure from normal.
Chittagong	87	77	—	33.5	+4.7
Calcutta	92	80	—	13.3	—3.1
Cuttack	89	80	—	22.7	+8.7
Ranchi	77	71	0.1	14.2	—1.0
Patna	94	79	—	5.5	—6.8
Gorakhpur	91	80	—	7.2	—4.7
Benares	91	79	—	7.5	—1.3
Allahabad	89	80	—	5.3	
Cawnpore	92	79	—	2.3	—3.6
Lucknow	90	78	—	2.3	—6.1
Jhansi	92	80	—	5.3	—3.7
Agra	98	81	—	1.7	—4.1
Bareilly	91	79	—	8.7	—1.5
Dehra Dun	83	74	2.1	19.3	+2.3
Delhi	98	83	—	0.5	—5.5
Ambala	85	77	1.3	5.7	—0.9
Ludhiana	93	81	—	5.1	—0.6
Lahore	102	85	—	3.2	—0.4
Sialkot	99	76	0.1	6.6	+1.2
Rawalpindi	102	70	2.0	6.2	+1.9
Lyallpur	109	88	—	0.5	—1.8
Multan	109	89	—	—	—0.3
Srinagar	73	50	—	7.1	—2.5
Peshawar	105	83	—	0.8	+0.2
Dehra Ismail Khan	109	85	2—	0.2	
Fort Sandeman	99	77	0.1	1.7	+0.4
Quetta	97	71	—	0.3	
Rangoon	88	78	0.3	33.1	+8.0
Khandwa	88	75	0.8	14.8	+6.6
Jubbulpore	86	76	0.2	12.0	
Nagpur	85	74	T	28.5	+14.9
BOMBAY	85	81	—	31.6	+3.1
Ratnagiri	85	79	0.3	29.8	
Ahmednagar	82	72	T	11.1	+5.1
POONA	81	72	T	6.0	
Sholapur	90	73	—	3.0	—3.1
Hyderabad (Deccan)	93	73	T	4.8	—2.0
Bangalore	83	68	—	4.7	+0.3
Mysore	80	68	—	6.6	+2.7
Calicut	86	77	0.2	41.6	—4.0
Madras	100	82	T	1.5	—1.7
Shillong	72	62	0.1	13.7	—8.4
Simla	68	61	0.1	13.3	—0.3
Panchmarhi	76	69	0.2	35.1	+18.2
Kodaikanal	67	53	—	6.8	—0.1
Colombo	86	80	—	9.6	—0.1
Jacobabad	106	87	—	0.1	—0.3
Hyderabad (Sind)	99	81	—	0.7	—0.5
Karachi	90	82	—	1.4	—1.1
Jaipur	95	80	—	2.1	—3.0
Ajmer	99	82	—	1.4	—3.3
Deesa	97	82	—	4.3	—0.6
Rajkot	95	81	—	4.8	—3.0
Ahmedabad	96	82	—	3.6	—4.3
Bhopal	85	78	0.2	11.9	
Akola	80	79	0.9	12.3	+4.2
Amraoti	78	73	1.3	18.8	+9.1
Indore	84	74	1.5	13.3	+4.2
Marmagoa	85	77	0.1	31.3	
Malegaon	85	75	—	5.7	—0.2
Mussoorie	69	60	3.5	18.1	+6.6
Mahableshwar	66	63	1.2	65.4	—11.4
Baroda	93	80	T	4.8	
Bahawalpur	109	86	—	0.3	—1.0
Belgaum	77	69	1.3	15.7	+3.5
Murree	77	61	T	9.0	+1.3
Cherrapunji	71	64	0.2	95.3	—39.9
Bijapur	89	74	—	3.3	—0.9
Dalhousie	74	63	1.2	8.3	—6.4
Mount Abu	81	68	—	3.3	—8.5
Ootacamund	60	53	0.1	12.1	+3.4
Jodhpur	103	80	0.2	0.6	—2.0

Poona Weather Summary

POONA, July 11

The monsoon has been active in west Central India, Berar, in and near the Punjab and Kumaon hills but weak elsewhere. Fairly widespread light rain occurred in Konkan and local rain in Assam, Central Provinces, East Rajputana, Mysore and Malabar, while a few falls are reported from Bengal, Orissa, west Rajputana, Gujarat, Bombay Deccan, and south Hyderabad.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of the 11th of July, 1940 :—

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hrs. +.046 inches.
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 83.2 deg.
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 79.8 deg.
Maximum temperature during 24 hrs. 84.6 deg. (1.0 below normal)
Minimum temperature during 24 hrs. 80.8 deg. (4.1 above normal)
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 85 per cent.
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. W-S-W.
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 12 miles per hr.
Total movement of wind in 24 hrs. 185 mls.
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 30 miles per hour.
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy equal to 10) 9.
Rain in 24 hours 0.00 inches.
Total rainfall during the month 1.64 inches
Total rainfall during the year 33.01 inches.
Weather Remark : Drizzle.
Earthquake Report.—An earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin about 3,330 miles away with its epicentral region in or near Korea was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 11h. 29m. (I.S.T.) on the 10th July, 1940.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING
DATED 11/7/1940

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 84.2 deg. F. a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.90 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.68 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

WELCOME FALL OF SIX INCHES

CUTTACK, Juy 11.

Reassuring news comes from Sambalpur where the level of the Mahanadi is falling slowly. The waters have gone down by six inches in about eight hours. The area was free from rain yesterday.—A. P

Bombay Records 'Quake Shock

BOMBAY, July 11.

An earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin about 3,330 miles away with its epicentral region in or near Korea was recorded by the seismograph at the Colaba Observatory at 11-29 hours (I. S. T.) on Wednesday, July 10, 1940.

CALCUTTA.—Sir Abdul Halim Ghuznavi, M. L. A. (Central), has been elected Chairman of the Port Haj Committee, Calcutta.

DEFENDERS OF INDIA

Awards Of Honours To Military, Naval And Air Officers

SIMLA, July 11.

The following awards to officers, warrant officers and non-commissioned officers of the Naval, Military and Air Forces serving in India, or who have recently served in India, are announced in the London Gazette of the 11th July, 1940 :—

Military Division of the Order of the Bath :—

G C B General Sir John F S D Coleridge, KCB, CMG, DSO, I A (Retd) late General Officer Commanding-in-Chief, Northern Command.

C B Major General H MacDonald, DSO, IA, Commander, Meerut District.

Colonel (Major-General) H V Lewis, CIE, DSO, MC, IA, Deputy Quarter Master General.

Col (Temporary Brig) H T D Hickman OBE, MC, IA, Commander Landi Kotal Brigade.

Colonel (Hony Brig) H R C Lane, DCO, OBE, IA, (Rtd) Late Commander Military Division of the Order of the British Empire.

FOURTH CLASS (O. B. E.)

Commander C L Turbett, RIN, Divisional Sea Transport Officer, Bombay.

Major E J O'Conor, Royal Tank Regt Late Wing Commander, Small arms and Mechanization School India.

Major E S Storey-Cooper, MC, IA, Daqmg, (farms) A|Q, India.

Major Kunwar Deep Chand, ILF, Hony Asstt, Technical Recruiting Officer.

Major H L C Robertson, 15th Punjab Regt Late GSO 2, AHQ.

Major S W Anketell-Jones, MC, IA, IAOC, DA, DOS, AHW, India.

Major L A Spencer, 19th KGV's, () Lancers, Late Assistant Military Secretary, Eastern Command.

Lieut-Col H H Daw, DSO, Re, (I.A.) SO, RE, first grade, Eastern Command.

Wing Commander A I A Perry-Keene, RAF, Air HQ, India.

FIFTH CLASS (M.B.E.)

Commissioned Boatswain W J Downing, RIN, Boatswain of the Dockyard Bombay.

Major F Wren, AEC, Chief Instructor, Army School of Education, India.

Captain S J Dagg, Royal Signals, GSO 3, AHQ, A.

Captain A G P Leahy Royal Engineers, Late SOFE 3, AHQ, India.

Lieut (Capt) K V Russell, East Lancashire Regt, Staff Captain, Calcutta.

Subedar-Major and Hony Capt James Jati Ram, Assistant Editor "Fauji Akhbar."

Lieut J E Murphy, IA, Master at Arms, Army Physical Training School, India.

Subedar-Major Bhagwati Prasad Sharma, KGV's O, Bengal Sappers and Miners, Chief Instructor, KGRIM, School Jullundur.

Conductor E R Daw, IAOC, Superintendent, MGO Branch AHQ, India.

Risaldar Ali Raza, H E the Viceroy's Bodyguard.

Conductor J R Bowen, Indian Army Ordinance Corps.

Jemadar Saiyid Muhammad Ahmad, Naqvi, Indian Medical Department Attached Iraq levies.

Conductor F A Woodhouse, IACC, Branch Superintendent, H Q Lucknow District.

F|O (A|FI—Lt) A B Kendall, RAF.

W O (Now F|O) D T Way, RAF.

WARRANT OFFICER E A PACELLO MEDAL FOR MERITORIOUS SERVICE.

361828 F|SGT F D Luke, RAF.

335765 (F|SGT) (A|WO) WCJ Starling, RAF.

335899 Tempy F|SGT A J Gilbert, RAF.

364805 Sergt C E Ellis, RAF.

509123 Sergt E T Rushworth, RAF.

AIR FORCE CROSS.

F|Lt. (A|Sqdn-Leader) J R Maling, RAF.—A. P.

KARACHI COTTON MAGNATES' PROTEST

Nominee Not To Serve On Port Committee

KARACHI, July 10.

On the ground that they were refused representation on the Export Advisory Council by the Government of India, the Board of Directors of the Karachi Cotton Association at its emergent meeting decided that their Chairman, Lal Narainjan P. Das, who has been nominated on the Port Committee by the central authorities to advise the Collector of Customs on matters relating to exports from Karachi, should not serve on the above committee.—A. P.

FOUR KILLED IN CLASH

DHOLPUR, July 11.

Four persons were killed and nearly a dozen seriously injured in a clash between a party of Kolis and Rajputs, says a report from Manpur (Eastern Rajputana).

It appears that trouble arose when Rajputs objected to Kolis beating drums at the head of a wedding procession and when the latter insisted on their right to do so, a clash occurred resulting in the above mentioned casualties.—A. P

New G. I. P. Ry. Chief

SIMLA, July 11.

It is understood that Mr. G. E. Cuffe, Agent and General Manager, Assam Bengal Railway, has been selected to succeed Mr. Wilson as General Manager, G. I. P. Railway.

It is expected Mr. Wilson will come up to Simla early next week to take over the Chief Commissionership of Railways.—A. P.

Brisk Preparations At Poona

Arrangements For A.-I. C. C. And Working Committee Meetings

POONA, July 11.

Brisk preparations are in progress with regard to the meetings of the Congress Working Committee and the All-India Congress Committee which will be held here on July 25 and 27 respectively.

A Committee under the chairmanship of Mr. N. V. Gadgil, M.L.A. (Central), and President of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee, has been formed to make the necessary arrangements. Various sub-committees have also been formed to look after separate departments.

A special sub-committee has been entrusted with the work of looking after the requirements of Mahatma Gandhi, and another sub-committee will be in charge of arrangements for members of the Working Committee.

Mahatma Gandhi and members of the Working Committee will be accommodated in two spacious bungalows, specially secured for the purpose, in the Koregaon Park area. The Working Committee will meet in one of these bungalows.

VENUE OF A.-I. C. C. SESSION

The A.-I. C. C. session will, however, be held at the Congress Bhawan, where a spacious pandal estimated to accommodate 2,500 is under construction.

The question of admission of visitors to the session of the A.-I. C. C. is engaging the attention of the organisers.

Mr. Shanker Rao Deo, a member of the Working Committee, held a meeting, immediately on his arrival from Delhi, at the Congress House, and discussed with the members the arrangements in connection with the forthcoming meetings of the A.-I. C. C. and Working Committee. — United Press.

TRAVANCORE MAHARAJA PRESENTS A TRAWLER

Addition To Royal Indian Navy For Mine Sweeping And Submarine Detection

TRIVANDRUM, July 11.

A donation of six lakhs of rupees made by His Highness the Maharaja of Travancore for war purposes has, as desired by His Highness, been devoted by His Majesty's Government for providing a trawler for the Royal Indian Navy for mine sweeping and submarine detection purposes, says a press communique issued by the Travancore Government to-day.

The communique adds the trawler will be named H. M. I. S. "Travancore."

His Highness has promised to contribute any additional sum that may be required for providing this trawler. —A. P.

CIVIC GUARDS FOR QUETTA.

QUETTA, July 11.

A meeting at which leaders of the various communities were invited to put forward their views on the formation of Civic Guards for Quetta, was held here with Sir Aubrey Metcalfe, the Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan, in the chair.—A. P.

CIVIC GUARDS FOR BHOPAL.

BHOPAL, July 10.

The question of taking necessary measures for the immediate formation of "Civic Guards" is engaging the attention of the Internal Security Sub-Committee—functioning as one of the two branches of the Central War Committee—recently appointed by the Nawab of Bhopal.—A. P.

HYDERABAD JAGIRDARS TO PRESENT BOMBER PLANE.

HYDERABAD, (Dn.), July 11.

Nawab Moinuddowla and Nawab Salajung have appealed to the Jagirdars of the State to contribute three lakhs of rupees for a bomber plane to be presented by the Government of Hyderabad to the British Government as a war gift from Jagirdars.

Death Of Syed Jaffar El Edroos

(From A Correspondent.)

SURAT, July 10.

Sajjadanashin Syed Jaffar Sahib El Edroos of Para Edroos Sahib of Surat died at 1-30 a.m. on Saturday, the 6th July at his residence.

Syed Jaffar Sahib was a retired Deputy Superintendent of Police and after the demise of his brother Sardar Syed Ali Sahib El Edroos, O.B.E. he came to the ancient Edroos Gadi and was Mansab, Sajjadanashin and Mutawalli of the Edroos Shrines at Surat, Broach and Ahmedabad.

His funeral procession according to family custom and becoming his high position started from the Edroos House at 3-30 p.m. and was attended by the Collector and high officials, and leading Muslims of Surat, Rander, Anklesh-war, Broach, etc., and more than 2,000 citizens of Surat.

The Ziyarat ceremony was performed at the Edros House and was attended by the Thakor Sahib of Kerwada, Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi, Nawabzada Sultan Alamkhan of Belha, Sardar Mir Hafizuddinkhan, Sardar Haji Miya Sahib, Khan Bahadur Baakbe, Mr. A. K. Shaikh, Sardar Davar Modi-ji, Sardar S. Modi, Advocates Messrs. Thakor, Kazi, Shastri and G. C. Vakil, members of the family, and more than a thousand Muslims.

Syed Mohammad Bakir the only surviving son of the deceased took his seat on the Masnad as his father's successor.

DEFENCE OF KATHIAWAR MARINE STATES

RAJKOT, July 10.

It is gathered that the Resident in the States of Western India, has been discussing ways and means for adequate defence measures with maritime states of Kathiawar.

During last week, H. H. the Jamsaheb, the Maharana of Porbunder, the Maharaja of Morvi and the Dewan of Junagadh have had talks with the Resident.

The Dewan of Junagadh has proceeded to Morvi, it is believed, for discussion on the above lines. —A. P.

GUMS BLEED?...

DON'T LOSE YOUR TEETH TO PYORRHOEA

FORHAN'S can save them!

• Weak, flabby gums *invite* pyorrhoea—that dread disease that often causes even sound teeth to loosen and fall out. At the first sign of bleeding gums, play safe!—Give them regular massage with Forhan's.

The special astringent in Forhan's toothpaste—originated by Dr. R. J. Forhan to prevent pyorrhoea—*hardens* the gums and sets up *protective circulation* against infection. If used in time, Forhan's prevents pyorrhoea.

Heed your dentist's advice. Start using Forhan's *today*—for beautiful, sparkling teeth and strong, vigorous gums!

Only Forhan's brand original dentifrice contains a special anti-pyorrhoea astringent!

60P10

"BRUSH YOUR TEETH NOW WITH FORHAN'S"

Why you need the special properties of

'OVALTINE'

HEALTH, strength and vigour—depend almost entirely upon nourishment. It is essential therefore that your daily dietary should provide *all* the health-giving properties your body needs.

That is why you need "Ovaltine" which supplies in delicious and easily digestible form, every nutritive element required for creating abundant energy and vitality, and for building up the health of body, brain and nerves.

"Ovaltine" owes its special value to the nature and excellence of its ingredients, and to exclusive highly scientific methods of manufacture. Prepared from Nature's finest tonic foods—ripe barley malt and fresh, creamy, cow's milk, together with valuable natural phosphatides and vitamins, "Ovaltine" is a complete and perfect food. Remember, there is only one "Ovaltine"—there is nothing "just as good". Reject substitutes.

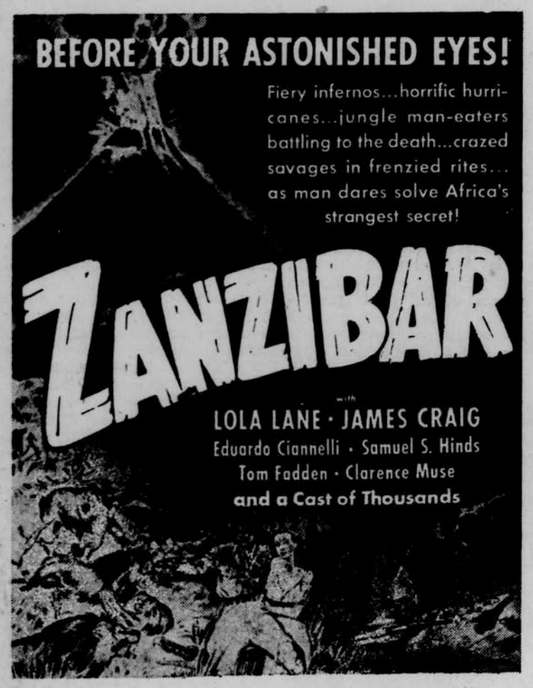
Sold by all Chemists and Stores.

Distributors: Messrs. GRAHAMS TRADING CO., (India), LTD., 16, Bank Street, Fort, Bombay. Also at Calcutta, Madras and Karachi.

OE/12/39

"OVALTINE" BISCUITS. The same high standards that have made "Ovaltine" supreme, have now been applied to the production of "OVALTINE" Biscuits. Delicious, digestive and nourishing, they are the daintiest for all occasions and the fact that they contain "Ovaltine" gives them special value. Order some to-day. You will enjoy these really delightful biscuits. Sold in 4 oz. and 8 oz. packets, and 1 lb. tins.

REGAL Daily: at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.


BEFORE YOUR ASTONISHED EYES!
Fiery infernos...horrific hurricanes...jungle man-eaters battling to the death...crazed savages in frenzied rites... as man dares solve Africa's strangest secret!
ZANZIBAR
with
LOLA LANE · JAMES CRAIG
Eduardo Ciannelli · Samuel S. Hinds
Tom Fadden · Clarence Muse
and a Cast of Thousands

EXTRAS— "FOLIES PARISIENNE" A sparkling musical!

"HE'S IN THE NAVY" Wadia Movietone Documentary

BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Sud 8, 1996
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akhar 6, 1359
Parsi: Bahman 11, 1309
Hightide: 5-06; 17-13
Lowtide: 10-44; 23-59
Sunrise: 6h. 8m.
Sunset: 7h. 20m.

POSTAL NOTICE

It is hereby notified for general information that Air Mails for U. K. and European countries with which mail communication is still maintained will be accepted for transmission by air upto Durban by Sydney-Durban Service and thence by land and sea routes to destinations. Air surcharge on such letters will be same as heretofore but the letters should be clearly superscribed as via Durban.

CITY FATHERS' ROUNDS

The Municipal Commissioner and the Councillors of Ward No. 2 will meet near Municipal Head Office to-morrow (Saturday) at 6-51 a.m. (B.T.) to go round the Ward. Residents of the Ward who have grievances to represent should be present at the appointed place and time. In the event of there being heavy rains, the visit may be postponed.

LADY LUMLEY AT RED CROSS OFFICE

Lady Lumley presided at the monthly meeting of the W. A. C. Council at the Red Cross Office on Thursday and afterwards visited the Red Cross Depot.

MANDVI DISTRICT CONGRESS

The special meeting of the Council of Mandvi Satyagraha Committee will be held to-day (Friday) at 8 p.m. at the Committee's Office.

BOMBAY MEMBER ON A. I. C. C.

The General Secretaries of the B. P. C. C. announce:—

Shri Manilal J. Sheth has been elected a member of the A. I. C. C. from the City of Bombay since he was the only candidate for the vacancy.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION

Prof. Wadia, Prof. Saldanha, Prof. Upadhyaya, Dr. Kasbekar, and Fr. Llorens will begin their classes in Political Theory, French (Jr.), Present-day Tendencies in Gujarati Literature, Chemistry in Every-day Life and Spanish (Jr.) in the University, South Wing, Khalsa College, Podar High School, Santa Cruz, Ruia College and St. Xavier's College to-day (Friday) at 6-30, 7, 7-30, 7 and 6 p.m. respectively.

MUNICIPAL WORKERS' UNION

A meeting of the workers of 'E' Ward East, Health Department will be held to-day (Friday) at Kalapani Maidan, Madanpura, under the auspices of the Municipal Workers' Union, at 6 p.m. (S.T.). Mr. R. S. Nimbkar, and Mrs. Maniben Mulji will speak.

ANNIVERSARY OF FRENCH REVOLUTION

Mr. V. B. Karnik, the General Secretary of the All-India League of Radical Congressmen, has issued a statement, in the course of which he supports Mr. M. N. Roy's plea that Congress should observe Sunday, 14th instant, the anniversary of French Revolution.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS

The Bombay National Guards has convened a meeting of all the volunteer organisations in the city of Bombay, to-day (Friday) at 9 p.m. at the Anglo-Ayurvedic Hospital, Vithal Nivas, Girgaum Back Road, Bombay 4.

Apollo Mills' Conciliation

Mr. S. V. Joshi, Conciliator, under the Bombay Industrial Disputes Act, submitted his report on Thursday, regarding the dispute between the management and the workers of the Frame and Doubling Departments of Apollo Mills.

The dispute was in respect of the opening of 3 shifts in the above departments of the Apollo Mills to speed up production and no agreement was arrived at as the workers were prepared to follow only the arrangement in the Roving Section of the Jacob Sassoon Mills, and the employers insist that the arrangement in the Woollen Section of the same mill, be followed.

Bombay War Gifts Fund

The first list of monthly contributions to the Bombay War Gifts Fund is as follows:

Contributions actually received amount to Rs. 1,129-14-0. In addition a number of monthly contributions have been promised and these amount to Rs. 5,723-12-0, of which the Bombay House alone contributes Rs. 3,742-4-0.

MONTHLY CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVED.

Messrs. Gill and Co. Rs. 500; Some members of the Elphinstone Cricket Club Rs. 176-8, Mr. C. S. Tyabjee Rs. 150, The Bombay staff of the Managing Agent: The Osmanshahi Mills Ltd. and the Azam Jahi Mills Ltd. Rs. 131-2, Staff of the General Electric Co. (India) Ltd. Rs. 107, Mr. J. W. Hick Rs. 50, Mr. A. A. Whelan and his staff Rs. 15-4. Total Rs. 1,129-14.

MONTHLY CONTRIBUTIONS PROMISED.

Sir Homi Mehta Rs. 1,000, Mr. A. H. Wadia Rs. 250, Sir Ishwardas Lakhmidas Rs. 200, Mr. J. M. B. Gibbons Rs. 150, Mr. R. C. Lowndes Rs. 150, Mr. A. D. Walwyn Rs. 100, Mr. D. R. C. Hartley Rs. 75, Mr. J. D. Boyle Rs. 25, Staff of the Thana Electric Supply Co., Ltd. Rs. 21 and Messrs. P. Patel and Co. 10, Total Rs. 1,981-8.

MONTHLY CONTRIBUTIONS FROM BOMBAY HOUSE.

Mr. J. R. D. Tata Rs. 500, Mr. S. D. Saklatvala, Rs. 250, Sir A. R. Dalal, Rs. 250, Sir H. P. Mody Rs. 250, Mr. A. D. Shroff Rs. 250, Mr. N. Vintcent Rs. 250, Mr. W. Nelson Rs. 250, Dr. Matthai Rs. 150, Messrs. P. J. Billimoria Rs. 100, J. D. Choksi Rs. 100, K. M. Madan Rs. 100, R. D. Lam Rs. 100, B. P. Sethna Rs. 100, Russell Rs. 100, Mogridge Rs. 100, Iengar Rs. 100.

And other contributions below hundred making a total of Rs. 3,742-4.

Grand total Rs. 5,723-12.

Thomas Maccurtain, son of the former Lord Mayor of Cork, who was sentenced to death for the murder of a detective at Cork, has been reprieved about 60 hours before the time of the execution says a message from Dublin.—Reuter.

Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"Dr. Jekyl and Mr. Hyde". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Zanzibar". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Dr. Kildare's Strange Case". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Hitler—Beast of Berlin". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Primrose Path". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Woman" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Saubhagya" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
WEST END—"Ardhangi" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m
MINERVA—"Bahurani" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Andhi" Daily at 4-45, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Dnyaneshwar" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
CHITRA—"Laxmi" Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.

SHORT SHRIFT TO UNSUPPORTED MOVERS

Bombay Corporation Decision Regarding Motions In House

AT THURSDAY'S MEETING OF THE BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION A DRASTIC CHANGE WAS PROPOSED TO BE EFFECTED IN THE MUNICIPAL CONSTITUTION, WHICH WOULD AFFECT THE DEBATES IN THE MUNICIPAL CORPORATION IN FUTURE.

Mr. Nagindas T. Master moved the following resolution:—

That the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee be requested to prepare and place before the Corporation a draft amendment of Rule No. 46 of the Corporation Procedure Rules so as to make it clear that a motion or a proposition which falls through for want of a seconder, shall be treated as having been disposed of within the meaning of that Rule.

Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta characterised the resolution as arbitrary and tyrannical and urged the house to throw it out.

Mr. B. J. Deorukhkar said the resolution was meant to prevent him (Deorukhkar) bringing in a resolution which might be dropped for want of a seconder. He said many times he had to whisper to the councillor seated next to him not to second it, as he would get an opportunity to speak over it again by sending it over to the next agenda.

Dr. A. J Collaco said if the resolution was passed it would take away the privilege of the house.

Mr. M. V. Donde said the resolution was dangerous as it would stop the member concerned from bringing it in again for three months.

Mr. E. R. Hirjibehdin quoted a ruling of the late Sir D. E. Wacha who had ruled in 1901 that a resolution which was not seconded was considered to be negatived.

Mr. S. K. Patil in support of the proposition said that if out of 117 members even one did not get up to second the resolution, it meant that it was repugnant to the sense of the house.

Mr. D. V. Pradhan moved an amendment to postpone consideration of the proposition and to refer for the opinion of all the parties in the house.

The postponement motion was put to vote and was declared lost.

Mr. Soonderdas Morarji supported the motion.

Prof. S. R. Davar appealed the house not to penalise all members for the sake of one councillor who erred.

The resolution was passed by a large majority.

AUXILIARY FIRE SERVICE.

Mr. B. N. Meheshwari then moved that as recommended by the Works Committee approval be given to facilities being provided as desired by Government for the training of volunteer personnel required to form the nucleus of an Auxiliary Fire Service in the City as proposed by the Commissioner in consideration of the Government paying the Corporation an annual contribution of Rs. 13,340 therefor, and sanction be given under Rule 26 of the Municipal Servants' Conduct and Discipline Rules to the Chief Officer of the Fire Brigade being permitted to undertake the work of training the volunteers for the said Auxiliary Fire Service.

Mr. Soonderdas Morarji moved an amendment to inform Government that the Corporation would be prepared to accept the offer of the annual contribution of Rs. 13,340 for the establishment of Auxiliary Fire Service, subject to the understanding that the service shall be named Municipal Auxiliary Fire Service and will form a unit of the Municipal Fire Brigade conducted and controlled by the Corporation in the same manner as its existing fire service with a view to secure unitary control and uniform policy.

The amendment was agreed to as substantive proposition.

The House then adjourned till Thursday next.

SEQUEL TO ORDER OF POLICE CHIEF

Riots Inquiry Stopped In Burma

RANGOON, July 11.

The Committee appointed by a meeting of representative Indians held at the City Hall recently to investigate the causes of the recent Hindu-Muslim riots will not proceed with the enquiry. This is a sequel to a notice issued by the Commissioner of Police forbidding the holding of the enquiry.

The matter came up before a meeting of the General Council of the Burma Indian Association, and it was decided to stop further expenditure in connection with the enquiry.—A. P.

Under your Outer Skin there's a

Lovelier You

It's true! Beneath the outer layer of worn-out cuticle which clings to your complexion there is a lovelier, fresher, more youthful skin. Nature intends this hidden beauty to come to the surface. The outer cuticle is meant to fall away imperceptibly as its freshness fades. Modern conditions unfortunately foil Nature in this plan and so — unless you assist the natural process—your real beauty is hidden by a layer of lifeless cuticle.

Happily, a simple beauty secret solves this problem. Just get from your chemist some pure Mercolized Wax and gently rub it in with the finger-tips before you go to bed. While you sleep the Mercolized Wax will be softly, imperceptibly dissolving away all those tiny particles of old worn-out skin, leaving the fresh young skin underneath healthy, clear and beautiful—and several shades lighter.

Even one night will show you how this natural way transcends all artificial means and lotions. But be sure to get Mercolized Wax (containing no animal fat) and follow the instructions on the jar.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JULY 12, 1940

LET BRITAIN CHOOSE

It has been the fashion with some people now-a-days to advise the country to co-operate unconditionally with Britain. It is easy for them to give advice to all and sundry. But the bulk of the people, who have not yet been enabled to defend themselves against foreign aggression, naturally demand that now at least they must be free to defend themselves and to offer help to others as freeman. Moreover, as Mr. C. Rajagopalachari observes, the Princes, who have accumulated funds and whose subjects have no voice in the affairs of State may give money without any conditions, and commercial magnates and others, who have made money, may also part with their possessions in the British Government's favour without any conditions. But if the Congress is to persuade the poor people of the country to help and make sacrifices, it can do so only if the people feel that they are free, that freedom is worth a sacrifice, and that they will have due control over the funds they provide.

Sapru's Appeal

Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru appeals to all parties, irrespective of their creeds, to unite and work for the "security of the country". If the idea is to secure the country as a dependency for Britain only friends of imperialism will respond to the appeal. But if the idea is to defend the freedom of the country, the Congress cannot but ask: "Where is the freedom to be defended? Sir Taj Bahadur is duly disappointed that "the British have already delayed too long the assigning to India her proper place, and have withheld from her that freedom and those powers which are enjoyed by the other units of the Commonwealth." But he would not worry much about that. For, he says, "he can discern distinct signs of change for the better in the attitude of Britain *vis a vis* India", and "the repeated statements of British statesmen and particularly the recent speech of Mr. Amery may well be treated as foreshadowing the direction in which events are moving". Sir Tej Bahadur is carefully vague in his words. But if there is at all any change for the better in the speeches of persons that count, that change is still far from what it should be and will satisfy only those who are easily satisfied.

Excellent Opportunity

If Britain is really serious about doing justice to India while at the same time doing the utmost benefit to herself, she has now an excellent opportunity provided by the Congress. Mr. C. Rajagopalachari states a plain truth when he says: "No other help can be as good as that co-operation, which the Congress alone can bring about. It would be folly for England to refuse now to do what, in effect she has often expressed her readiness to do, namely, to release India from the position of dependency and recognise the political independence of the Indian people as the fundamental basis for all future relations." We do not know if Britain will now at least be wise enough in her attitude towards India. We only know for certain that it will be good for Britain to have a free and friendly India to fight the common enemies of freedom. India's independence is much nearer than one can imagine. Even Sir Tej Bahadur feels that "perhaps we are much nearer the day than we imagine when we may be called upon to shoulder our responsibilities in the fullest measure". The question now is whether our independence is to be won with Britain's help or in spite of her opposition. It is for Britain to choose.

Indianisation In Bombay Municipality!

The Standing Committee and the Works Committee of the Municipal Corporation have accepted the recommendation of the Municipal Commissioner to extend the term of Mr. Coombs' appointment as Chief Officer of the City Fire Brigade for a further period of three years. We have no desire to comment on the efficiency or otherwise of Mr. Coombs, but the extension of his term brings into relief once again the flagrant manner in which either the intentions of the Corporation are thwarted by the Executive or the Corporation itself does not care to see that its own resolutions are carried out. When Mr. Coombs was appointed as Chief Officer over ten years ago it was definitely decided by the Corporation that during his first term of office an Indian would be trained up for the post and the staff of the Bombay's Fire Brigade would be completely Indianized. How have Mr. Coombs and his superior officers carried out this mandate of the Corporation? The Commissioner, after over a decade of Mr. Coombs' work as Chief Officer, informs the Works Committee that "there was no station officer suitable for appointment as Chief Officer, particularly at this time when conditions were abnormal!" Could there be a greater condemnation of the Municipal Executive than is provided by the remarks of the Municipal Commissioner—apart from the unmerited slur which they cast on a body of efficient and loyal Indian officers? The Municipal Commissioner now recommends that "a capable young Indian of outstanding qualifications should be selected and trained under Mr. Coombs to succeed him in the Chief Officer's post." This belated recommendation should have been made by the Municipal Executive several years ago and not on the eve of expiry of Mr. Coombs' term of appointment. It is regrettable that during the last year and a half the Congress Municipal Party has not given serious attention to this matter. We trust the Corporation will see that the recommendation of the Municipal Commissioner regarding the training of a capable young Indian does not remain a pious aspiration.

Soviet And Dardanelles

There have been reports emanating from Athens and New York to the effect that Soviet Russia has presented an ultimatum to Turkey demanding the control of the Dardanelles. The Turkish Ambassador in Athens and Turkish and Soviet circles in London have declared that they know nothing about these ultimatums. Moreover, official circles in Ankara have formally denied it. We may, therefore, take it that neither an ultimatum nor a "request" of any kind has so far been addressed to Turkey. But the fear that Russia may make demands upon Turkey is real and does exist. New York, which seldom makes a big mistake, may have merely stated an intelligent anticipation as an actual fact. Moreover, Mr. R. A. Butler's comments in his broadcast regarding the Dardanelles are not without some significance.

Physical Education In Schools

By D. S. BORKER

With the universal urge for a reorientation of our educational system, the need for a drastic reform in our system of physical education is being increasingly felt. There have been recently a number of sporadic attempts in different Provinces at finding some solution to the problem, but, while the desire for reform is there, the amount of earnest thinking that is required to translate the desire into practice does not seem to be forthcoming.

My object in this short article is to point out what appear to me to be the salient features of the attempts made in different Provinces at reforming the system of physical education, and to make a few suggestions for further attempts in the same direction.

Perhaps, the most significant feature of the schemes which have been recently evolved and put into practice is an inadequate appreciation of the fact that recreation is the spirit of physical education and any system, which fails to satisfy the recreative instincts of boys and girls must unavoidably fail in its purpose.

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The very idea of compulsory physical training, however well-intentioned, ignores this fundamental fact, because there can be no recreation where there is compulsion. The sole aim and object of a modern system of physical education is to appeal to the natural sportive tendencies of students, so that they will willingly partake in a vigorous, wholesome form of exercise, without being made to do so by the show of the rod.

Of course, it is by no means an easy task to devise a system that will fulfil the dual object of recreation and exercise, and it is here that we feel the necessity of studying what is being done in other countries and what leading thinkers on the subject have written.

It is no doubt encouraging to find that the authorities in certain Provinces and States have lately realised the shortage of properly trained physical instructors in this country and arrangements have been made in Bombay, Madras and Mysore for the training of physical instructors. It may, however, be permissible to point out one important defect in some of these arrangements. No course of training for a physical instructor can be complete without a sufficient amount of practical teaching in schools. If the training of an instructor is confined to the physical training institute, the instructor will lack not merely experience in teaching, but something more—namely, the intimate acquaintance with the psychology of students which alone can teach the instructor how to appeal to his pupils and get them interested in physical exercise. If, therefore, the authorities would pay attention to this defect and arrange to provide adequate opportunities to physical instructors for practical teaching, an important lacuna in the present system will have been filled.

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Perhaps, it is excusable at this stage that in many provinces there is no Director of Physical Education, because we do not yet possess a sufficient supply of properly qualified men in this line. Supervision of physical education in schools is, therefore, left to the inspector of education, who, being in most cases of an academic mind, is inclined to treat the subject as of secondary importance.

It is no wonder if, the cause of physical education suffers as a result of this factor. If the intention of the authorities is to evolve a properly organised system of physical education, they must provide not merely for the appointment of trained instructors in schools but also for proper supervision and control from above. There have been too many instances in which a system has failed as the result of its control being left in the hands of officers who are not acquainted with the subject concerned and have, therefore, no interest in it. On the other hand, there are examples of courses of education, for instance, drawing and painting course in schools, which are being successfully managed because their control is in the hands of a director or inspector who knows the subject.

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There are various other suggestions which could be made with regard to this intriguing subject. The curriculum of the schools, for example, leaves very much to be desired with regard to the hours assigned to physical training. For one thing they are inadequate and, secondly, they are mostly ill-timed. Very few schools seem to appreciate the importance of camping as part of physical education. Apart from certain exceptional institutions like Shantiniketan of Bengal, there are no institutions in India, which have a system of outdoor teaching. In most schools camping is looked upon as a holiday excursion. It should be realized, however, that there are various subjects besides physical training which are better taught in natural surroundings than in the class-room. Camping, therefore, has a teaching value.

★

In these days, when we see a general awakening of interest in village reconstruction, it is highly desirable that our younger generation should have a close contact with the country-side. It will help them to cultivate a better understanding of the village life and its problems and will certainly make them sympathetic towards their agricultural brethren in their later age.

Camping is of importance mainly because it establishes this contact between urban schools and villages. One important criticism against the present form of English education is that it makes the students contemptuous towards the villagers; if the system just mentioned is introduced, this criticism will have been largely met.

Many and varied are the problems of our physical education but, as I said at the beginning, while the desire is there, thought is wanting. Appreciation of the need for modernising of our existing system is slow, while orthodoxy has its sway even in high circles.

Perhaps, it is not too much to hope, that the Provincial Authorities will pay attention to the defects mentioned above and take early steps to remove them.

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Appeal To Help India's Defence

J. R. D. Tata's Talk At All-India Radio

Mr. J. R. D. Tata during the course of his talk at the All-India Radio, Bombay, on the Defence Loans said:—

Whatever the imperfections of the system for which the Democracies stand, particularly in its application to our own country, it is at least in the process of evolution towards a better understanding, and a more just order as between man and man, nation and nation. If it survives this struggle it offers the hope of a better world for all of us and of freedom and prosperity for our country. The other based as it is on the savage suppression of all liberties, on the conquest and oppression of the weak by the strong and on a detestable racial creed, can offer nothing, particularly to us Indians, but slavery, exploitation and abject misery.

In order to raise part of the finances required for its programme of defence expenditure, the Government of India has recently announced three Defence Loans. It is about these loans that I wish to speak to you to-night. As you are aware the loans floated by Government upto the present are:—

(1) 10-Year Defence Savings Certificates: These are sold in minimum units of Rs. 10 each and show a return of a little over 3 per cent tax-free per annum at the end of 10 years. These certificates can in case of necessity be redeemed at any time before maturity.

(2) 6-Year Defence Bonds: These are available in units of Rs. 100 each which will give at maturity a yield of a little over 3 per cent.

(3) Interest-free Bonds which are available in units of Rs. 50 each.

For the first two, maximum limits of Rs. 5,000 and Rs. 15,000 respectively are placed. Interest-free Bonds can be purchased for unlimited amounts.

The Bombay Defence Loans Committee has been formed for the purpose of co-ordinating all efforts towards obtaining the maximum response to these loans. The Committee has formulated various schemes to popularise them and to facilitate their purchase. Banks have been approached and I do not doubt their response, to make special arrangements to meet all enquiries and to give all possible facilities to the public. They have been requested to advance money on easy terms of repayment and at especially low rates of interest to purchasers of Interest-free Defence Bonds. The restrictions imposed on the purchase of War Savings Certificates and of the 6-Year Defence Bonds which I have just mentioned preclude the possibility of advances from banks on the security of these bonds, but this facility will, I hope, be freely available for the purchase of the Interest-free Loans to those who, while willing to lend their money to Government without interest may not be able from the start to raise the whole amount they wish to lend.

The Defence Saving Certificates are issued by the Post Office to whom all enquiries should be directed. The 6-Year Defence Bonds and the Interest-free Bonds are obtainable at any office of the Reserve Bank of India, the Imperial Bank of India or the Government Treasury.

Schemes have been prepared and are being sent and recommended for adoption to firms and companies with the object of giving special facilities and encouragement to employees of moderate means. For persons of very small means a group saving scheme has been formulated to make possible the collective purchase of War Savings Certificates and 6-Year Defence Bonds.

In closing I should like to remind you that the defence of India is a matter of vital interest to all. Every effort, however small, capable of strengthening the forces opposed to the enemy is urgently required. In this hour of destiny there is a call upon us to play our part in the defence of our Country which we can ignore only at our peril. I am sure Bombay and the Province will not fail to answer that call.

Appointment In Bombay Mills

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Reports of systematic expulsion of Deccani officers from certain prominent Bombay mills are to-day more in the air. A popular Manager of one Bombay mills had to tender his resignation suddenly on 29th June. No sooner the news leaked out than all the workers of the mill, about 2,000 strong—men and women—went en masse in a procession to the residence of the Manager and in a meeting garlanded him profusely. The workers entertained an emphatic protest against the action of the agents in compelling Dr. Waghray to resign his post and eulogised him for his most cordial treatment they all received at his hands. The workers have sent an urgent memorial to the Managing Agents of the mill, urging upon them to recall the Manager failing which, there is a likelihood of the mill going on a strike.

Another mill has similarly sent away its Stores Manager, who being unable to face the "Sultanshahi" of the Managing Agents, had to resign his job and go home, along with many other petty deccani officers. Will the Government Labour Officer enquire into these every day happenings and let the Deccani public know once for all the innermost object of this campaign of expulsion of the Deccanis?—Yours etc.,

ONE WHO KNOWS FACTS

Bombay, July 8th.

Frankly Speaking

Rumanian Situation

The official communique issued from Munich gives no indication of what happened at the meeting of the Hungarian statesmen with Herr Hitler and Count Ciano. But it is safe to assume that the former were counselled caution and patience lest eagerness to force their claims upon Rumania might precipitate a serious crisis. In Rumania herself, however, the situation is again becoming a little obscure. The resignation of Iron Guard Ministers was intelligible in terms of Nazi Germany's desire to reassure the Russians as to her 'bona fides.' But there is a rumour that the leader of the Iron Guard movement has been arrested for trying to reconstitute his organisation. Why did he think it necessary to revive his organisation separately and why did the Government arrest him? Does it mean a split between King Carol's party and a movement which is essentially inspired by German Nazi leaders? But in that case it would almost argue another change in the politics of Rumania and there is none.

Nazis And Communism

Czech quarters in London have revealed how the Germans have changed their policy and are now adopting their characteristic repressive measures against Communists and Left Wingers in Bohemia and Moravia. These measures include even assassination and there is no reason to doubt their truth. Nazi Germany's policy, present and future, is being amply made clear not only by her activities inside the "Greater Reich" but also by developments in France. But Russia does not, apparently, seem to be fully conscious of its meaning and implications.

Roosevelt's Message

President Roosevelt's message to Congress demanding a colossal addition to the defence budget is not of any particular and immediate interest from the point of view of the war that is actually being fought out between Britain and the Axis. The President was quite vigorous in his eloquent condemnation of German aggression and also in praise of those who are "still gallantly fighting" against it. But he also took care to declare quite specifically that there was no question of America entering the war. Of some interest, however, is the declaration that defence preparations are intended to strengthen American resolve to "repeal aggression against the United States or the Western Hemisphere." If there is trouble in the Far East either involving the Philippines or upsetting in any way the *status quo* in that part of the world, will it mean "aggression against the United States?" On the answer to this question depends largely the immediate future of the Far East.

Late Mr. Kazi Kabiruddin

The late Mr. Kazi Kabiruddin, who died yesterday at the age of 70, was one of the men prominent in the public life of Bombay until his retirement from public activities several years ago. He served the Bombay Municipal Corporation for some years and was one of its most active members. But he rendered most valuable service to the cause of education, especially among Muslims. As one of the secretaries of the Anjuman-i-Islam of Bombay for many years, he enabled that institution to become an efficient instrument of spreading education among Muslims. He was also an ardent social reformer.

Indigenous Drugs

It is some relief to learn that in order to ensure an adequate supply of all necessary drugs and chemicals for medical treatment and associated laboratory work in India, Government have been considering making a survey of the manufacturing capacity within the country and of the existing stocks of imported drugs and chemicals. The survey needs to be undertaken at once. The prices of imported drugs are fast leaping up, though it is believed to be possible to produce here many of them or their substitutes. The Medical Preparations Sub-Committee of the Indian Chemical Manufacturers' Association, appointed by the Government of India, to examine the possibilities of the development of the existing drug and chemical manufacturing industry in this country, is understood to have reported to Government that nearly three-fourths of the drugs mentioned in the British Pharmacopoeia grow in this country in a state of nature and the remaining one-fourth can be easily cultivated in some parts of the country or other. The Committee is also understood to have reported that if the required basic materials and chemicals are readily available, it is possible to produce in India all the drug requirements of the country. There are clearly big possibilities for the production of drugs in India and it is up to Government and industrialists to make a good move in the matter without any avoidable delay.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

The Indian "Honours" List published on Thursday morning.

* * * *

"Those who read the Congress resolution in anger, will not see its essence."

—C.R.

Let us hope the Qaid-e-Azam does not regard this as a personal insult to himself.

* * * *

It is reported that the Germans have started a drive against Communists and Left Wingers in Bohemia and Moravia.

The fact, of course, is undeniable. But Comrade Stalin is realistically unaware of it.

* * * *

So are the facts suggested by Mr. R. A. Butler undeniable.

But so also is Comrade Stalin realistically unaware of them.

* * * *

GOLDEN (HORN) SILENCE

Denials of the alleged Soviet Ultimatum to Turkey have come from London, Athens and even Ankara.

But Moscow is silent.

* * * *

"Mr. Walsh, Chairman of the Naval Affairs Committee, said the two-ocean fleet which will be created by the Bill could not be completed until 1946."

—Washington Report.

Herr Hitler heaved a sigh of relief and thanked the U.S.A.

* * * *

MONDAY'S MOST SENSATIONAL NEWS

BUCHAREST, July 9.

The Foreign Ministry announces that Rumania has withdrawn from the League of Nations.—Reuter.

* * * *

According to M. Laval the Petain Government will hold a referendum on the new constitution "to avoid all false interpretation...."

As the Junior Colleague reminds us, there was in Austria, for instance, a very successful referendum "to avoid all false interpretation" after the fall of Schuschnigg.

* * * *

The French Air Force in Syria is remaining there for the present, says an Ankara message.

Until, of course, called—er—home by Herr—sorry by Marshal Petain.

* * * *

EIRE FAST PREPARING FOR DEFENCE

—Headline.

But the speed of the Domier, etc., is much faster.

* * * *

Mother (to her daughter): 'Polite people do not yawn, dear.'

Daughter: 'But, mother, polite people do not notice things.'

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

The man who kills time slays his own character.

Waiting works wonders—if you keep busy while waiting.

Praise men and flatter women and you will have many friends.

Sometimes a man longs for tomorrow because he is ashamed of what he did not do to-day.

The average baby is so fond of its father that it sleeps during the day while he is busy so it can stay awake all night and enjoy his society.

Too often the man who expresses his willingness to die for a woman during courtship proves too lazy to earn a decent living for her after marriage.

Editor And Printer Convicted

FOR CRITICISM OF BENGAL GOVT. ORDER BANNING PUBLICATION OF SPEECHES OF BOSE AND SAHAJANAND

Defence Act Arrests

CALCUTTA, July 11.

Mr. Satyendranath Majumdar, Editor, and Mr. Sureshchandra Bhattacharya, Printer and Publisher of the "Ananda Bazar Patrika" were convicted under the Defence of India Rules by the Chief Presidency Magistrate for publishing comments on the Government order of April 5 last, prohibiting publication of speeches by Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose and Swami Sahajanand during the National Week.

They were let off with admonition.—United Press.

HOWRAH CONGRESS CHIEF ARRESTED

CALCUTTA, July 11.

Mr. Harendra Nath Ghosh, President of the Howrah District Congress Committee and a prominent member of the Provincial Forward Bloc, was arrested this afternoon under the Defence of India Rules, and is being detained in the Howrah Jail.—A. P.

Raid For Objectionable Literature

CALCUTTA, July 11.

The Special Branch of the Calcutta C. I. D. raided the house of Mr. Narendranath Acharya and seized some alleged objectionable literature, and arrested Mr. Acharya under the Defence of India Rules.

QUIT ORDER.

Orders have been served on Mr. Abani Chakraborty, a member of the Forward Bloc, under the Defence of India Rules directing him to leave Calcutta within 24 hours.

BAN ON ORGANISING MEETINGS

DARJEELING, July 11.

An order under the Defence of India Act has been served on Mr. Madan Bihari Verma, Secretary of the Darjeeling District Congress Committee, prohibiting him from organising, or participating in any meeting or procession without previous permission.—United Press.

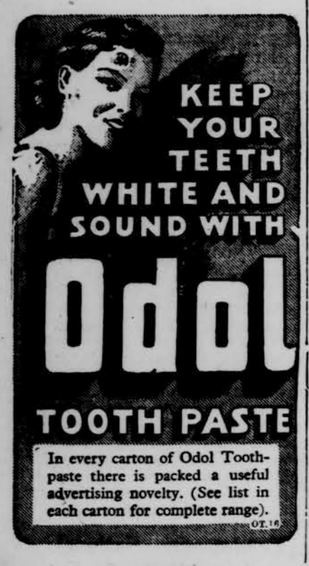
Arrested For Defiance Of Ban Order

COMILLA, July 10.

Mr. Manindra Kumar Chakrabarty, who was served with a notice under the Defence of India Act restricting certain activities and requiring his weekly attendance at the Kotwali Thana, was arrested by police for disobeying the order.

After receiving the notice Mr. Chakrabarty sent a statement to the District Magistrate, Tipperah, assigning reasons for his defying the said order.

Mr. Chakrabarty is an ex-detenu and ex-Secretary of the Tipperah District Congress Committee.—United Press.


KEEP YOUR TEETH WHITE AND SOUND WITH
Odol
TOOTH PASTE
In every carton of Odol Toothpaste there is packed a useful advertising novelty. (See list in each carton for complete range).
OT.16

Miss Das-Gupta Discharged

CALCUTTA, July 11.

Miss Kanak Das-Gupta, a student and Secretary of the Girls Section of the Bengal Students' Federation, who was arrested and released on bail following the find of alleged Communist literature from her possession, has been discharged by the Chief Presidency Magistrate.

She has been re-arrested under the Defence of India Rules.—United Press.

Labour Leader Arrested

BENARES, July 10.

Mr. Shishir Kumar Roy, Organising Secretary of the Labour Party of India was arrested today under the Defence of India Rules.

Mr. Roy is already under order of externment from the provinces of Bengal and Bihar under the orders of the Governments of those provinces.—A. P.

Anti-War Propagandists Arrested

LUCKNOW, July 11.

Two more persons have been taken into custody by the local police under the Defence of India Rules. It is alleged that they were carrying on anti-war propaganda in Aminabad Park.—A. P.

"Hindustan Red Army" Organiser Arrested

NAGPUR, July 11.

Mr. Naganlal Bagdi, a Kisan leader and organiser of the Hindusthan Red Army, and Mr. Shamlal, also of the Red Army, were arrested to-day under Rule 38(5) of the Defence of India Rules.—United Press.

Searches In Gwalior

UJJAIN (C. I.), July 11.

The Gwalior State Police and C. I. D. officers accompanied by Government Police, simultaneously searched yesterday the houses of Mr. Shivshanker Raval, President of the Gwalior Rajya Sarwajanik Sabha, Mr. Kanhaiyalal Manna, Vice-President of the local Sarwajanik Sabha, and several labour leaders.

The local Labour Union Office was also searched.—United Press.

CHARGES FRAMED AGAINST PRAJAMANDAL WORKERS.

BHOPAL, July 9.

Charges have been framed under Sec. 38 of the Defence of India Act and also under Secs. 147 and 454 I. P. C. against ten persons including a number of local Prajamandal leaders, arrested last month under the Defence of India Act.

All the accused have pleaded "not guilty" to the charges. Five of the accused are entering defence, while the five others have refused to adduce defence evidence.

The next hearing of the case has been fixed for July 12.—A. P.

HUNGER-STRIKE IN RAJANPUR JAIL

LAHORE, July 11.

A few political prisoners are stated to be on hunger-strike in Rajanpur Jail, according to information received in the office of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee.

Mian Iftikhar-ud-Din, President of the P. P. C. C. has sent a telegram to the Superintendent of the Jail enquiring about the health of the prisoners.

The prisoners demand better class treatment.—A. P.

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Cobra-Cane Cure For 'T. B.'

BHOPAL, (By Mail).

A round-up of the cobras of Bhopal has, it is learnt, been going on for some time.

The "organisers" of this round-up are 'T. B.' patients and their relatives and friends who are anxious to avail themselves of what is stated to be the highly curative properties of the cobra-manured "tuberculosis" sugarcane first cultivated in Bhopal by the State Conservator of Forests.

The Conservator claims that reports received by him from reliable sources in and outside Bhopal have proved the efficacious properties of this particular type of cane, in the most chronic and obstinate cases of tuberculosis.

After the cobra-manured sugarcane has been produced, the treatment, it is stated, consists in the 'T. B.' patients simply chewing a small piece of the cane every morning for sometime.—A. P.

British Love For French Intact

LONDON, July 11.

In the House of Commons replying to a questioner Mr. Nicholson said every possible step had been taken to make clear to the French Nation that the actions of the French Government had in no way altered the warmth of our feeling for the French people. Mr. Nicholson added six broadcasts in the French language were available daily in addition to other means of approach.—Reuter.

HOLWELL SATYAGRAHA

CALCUTTA, July 11.

The twenty Satyagrahis, who were arrested yesterday in connection with the Holwell Mounument movement, were placed today before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, who remanded all of them to custody. The hearing of their cases was adjourned till to-morrow.

Five Bengali youths were taken into custody as soon as they appeared in front of the monument.

SECOND BATCH.

A second batch of ten Satyagrahis was taken into custody in the evening, bringing the total number of arrests since the commencement of the movement to 119.

'Subhas Day' In Madras

MADRAS, July 11.

"All India Subhas Day" was observed yesterday evening when a public meeting was held under the auspices of the Madras City Forward Bloc at the High Court Beach.

Mr. P. Gopalaratnam, a member of the Working Committee of the Forward Bloc, and others addressed the meeting. The speakers condemned the action of the Government of Bengal in arresting Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose at this juncture and demanded his release.—United Press.

Nagpur Protest Against Bose's Arrest

NAGPUR, July 11.

A meeting of the citizens of Nagpur was held this evening under the presidency of Mr. R. S. Ruiker, when resolutions were passed protesting against the arrest of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, former President of the Congress, and also disapproving the action of the local millowners in refusing to pay dearness allowance to their workers.—United Press.

Madras Corporation And Subhas' Arrest

MADRAS, July 10.

A special meeting of the Council of the Madras Corporation called for yesterday stands adjourned till Tuesday next on the motion of Mr. Rajamannar Chetty, President of Madras Branch of the Forward Bloc, one of the councillors of the Corporation.

No reason for adjournment was given but it is gathered that it was moved as a protest against arrest of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose.—A. P.

Famous Musician Dead

LONDON, July 11.

The death has occurred of the Musician Sir Donald Francis Tovey.—Reuter.

(In the nineties of the last century and upto 1915, Sir Donald's compositions were very popular in England and the Continent. He was a companion to Beethoven's pianoforte Sonatas.)

EGYPT AGREES WITH BRITAIN

Better Days In Palestine: Turkey's Contact With Britain: Halifax Surveys Near East

LONDON, July 11.

In the House of Lords, in course of a statement on the position in the Near East Lord Halifax said that in view of rumours spread by enemy propaganda, he wished to make it quite plain that since Italy entered the war, Britain never pressed the Egyptian Government to declare war on her. It was, however, obvious that British forces in Egypt, which at the request of the Egyptian Government had been strongly reinforced, would conduct operations against Italy from Egyptian Territory. We intended to fulfil our obligations to defend Egypt, whose independence and vital interests were threatened by the Italian declaration of war against Britain, Egypt's ally.

EGYPTIAN AGREEMENT WITH BRITISH.

"I am happy to say that the Egyptian people as a whole fully understand that their interests are indissolubly linked with ours and regard Italian promises and fair words with well-founded suspicion and view with extreme detestation, the possibility of Italian encroachment upon Egyptian or Sudanese soil. They remember only too well Italian action in Libya and Abyssinia and have no illusions about the scope of totalitarian aspirations."

BRITISH OBLIGATIONS TO EGYPT.

Lord Halifax added there was a certain delay in the Italian Ministers' departure from Cairo and they and other enemy agents insinuated that if Egypt would ignore her treaty obligations she might avoid the worst consequences of Italian aggression. Many representative Egyptians held that at this fateful moment for Egypt, interests of the Egyptian people demanded a stronger Government to demonstrate the country's determination to carry out the letter and spirit of the treaty to the full. The British Government felt entitled to intimate to their Ally that this was also their view since the defence of Egypt would devolve primarily upon us and we have very definite obligations under the treaty.

SITUATION IN PALESTINE.

The situation in Palestine remains quiet and apart from isolated acts of banditry the country is enjoying a respite from internal disorder. The release from internment of a large number of Arabs has been received with appreciation. One effect of Italy's entry into the war has been to strengthen the pro-British sentiment in all community.

The Jewish community was cooperating fully in matters of defence and emergency measures, which the present situation demands, while the co-operation of Arabs, who view with abhorrence the prospect of application to Palestine of Italian methods of colonisation in Libya is no less wholehearted.

TURKISH NON-BELLIGERENCY.

His Majesty's Government fully appreciated the circumstances which led the decision of the Turkish Government to maintain an attitude of non-belligerency. The Turkish Government throughout had acted in close contact with His Majesty's Government.

"In the meantime, our treaty with Turkey stands as does the loyal friendship and sympathy between our two countries on which the Treaty was based and which has rendered it in the past, as I hope it will in the future, a fruitful basis of constructive cooperation between us as long as the war continues and in the years of peace to come."

'Silent Column' For Britain

LONDON, July 11.

An urgent and intensive campaign will be launched to-morrow by the Ministry of Information on behalf of Government to organise the whole population of Britain into a "Silent Column" pledged to kill rumours, stop indiscreet talk and mobilise itself against depressing and defeatist conversation.

All methods of publicity will be used to the fullest extent to secure these ends.

"Chatter boxes" will be put up in clubs, hotels, homes, etcetera, into which offenders will be invited to put contributions to charity.—Reuter.

FATIAH CEREMONY AT MAHIM DURGAH

The Fatiah ceremony on the anniversary of the death of Hazrat Makhdoom will be performed at 4 p.m. on Sunday next at Mahim Durgah.

R. A. F. SHOOT DOWN 12 AIRCRAFT

Fantastic Claims By Germany Due To Annoyance

LONDON, July 11.

It is officially announced twelve enemy aircraft were shot down and many damaged by the R.A.F. in to-day's attacks round the British coasts. Military objectives in France and low countries were again successfully bombed.

Three enemy planes are believed to have been shot down during a raid on South-west England to-day.

The Ministry of Home Security states that enemy aircraft this morning dropped bombs on the East coast. A railway siding was hit and several persons killed. Some damage was done in a small town in midlands, where casualties were caused to children by flying glass and a few persons were killed.

A Ministry of Home Security 'communique' states:

During the night bombs were dropped at scattered points in Eastern and South-eastern counties and in the Midlands. There were a small number of casualties in two coast towns of which a few were fatal. No damage of military importance was caused.

An Air Ministry 'communique' states: R.A.F. fighters shot down an enemy bomber over the Channel this morning.

GERMAN LOSSES

In air raids on Britain since the first mass raid on June 18 Nazis, it is unofficially estimated, certainly lost 73 machines and almost certainly lost many others. This figure of known German losses over Britain is almost exactly half of those claimed by the Air Ministry since the war began, namely, 147. Thus the last three weeks of raiding have been almost as costly to the enemy as all his other raids put together.

GERMAN AIR CLAIMS

Authoritative quarters in London issue the following comment on German air claims: "Germany's air claims, which have become daily more fantastic are a measure of her annoyance over her own heavy losses. Yesterday's figures are particularly a sore point owing to their disproportion to British losses. For fourteen German machines destroyed and 23 badly damaged, Britain lost only two fighters, not 35 machines as to-day's German 'communique' claims."—Reuter.

ITALIAN RAID ON MALTA REPULSED

One Civilian Killed And Three Injured

CAIRO, July 11.

An Air Force Communique states that enemy aircraft raided Malta yesterday. British fighters intercepted and shot down two enemy aircraft in flames. A third was probably destroyed. The damage done was slight. Casualties were one civilian killed and three injured. Twenty goats and a bull were also killed.

The enemy yesterday bombed Sidibarrani but did only slight damage. There were no casualties.

Formations of Blenheims attacked a large petrol dump near Tobruk. Direct hits were scored on the target and large flames were seen.

Several raids were carried out on landing grounds of Macaaca aerodrome. In the evening of July 9, a direct hit was registered on a hangar whence much black smoke issued. The next day the aerodrome buildings were bombed and several fires started, while in another raid carried out by bombers supported by fighters, the latter destroyed three fighters on the ground by machinegun fire. All our aircraft returned safely.

LONDON, July 11.

An Admiralty communique states that an aircraft of fleet air arm yesterday visited an Italian harbour north of Augusta, Sicily. One Italian destroyer and a hulk of the type generally used as depot or storeship were sunk. All our aircraft returned safely.

ANKARA, July 11.

The Mediterranean naval battle had been followed with intense interest in Turkey, where a decisive action by Britain always meets with instantaneous approval. The contrast between British communiques and the Italian version is noted with an amusement that is not flattering to the Italians.

Italian Claim Denied

LONDON, July 11.

An Admiralty communique referring to an Italian claim that H. M. S. "Ark Royal" sustained a direct hit and H. M. S. "Hood" was set on fire states: Reports received from the Flag Officer Commanding British Forces states that, although several bombs fell close to his ships, no direct hits were secured and there was no damage or casualties.—Reuter.

Victims Of "Paganini"

ROME, July 11.

It is officially announced that 220 Italian and Albanian officers and men lost their lives when the 2,427 ton liner "Paganini" caught fire and sank on June 28 about 12 miles off Durazzo. "Paganini" had left Bari for Durazzo with 920 troops and crew aboard.

Italian Aircraft Active

NAIROBI, July 10.

It is officially announced that Buna, south of British Moyale was bombed and machine-gunned yesterday by Italian Aircraft. Eighty bombs were dropped but no damage was done. There were no casualties.

This morning enemy heavily shelled British Moyale and later British troops were attacked. No further details are yet available. Enemy aircraft were also active in the same region. An Italian claim to have captured a number of British troops in Turkana region is denied.—Reuter.

"LET US BE DECLARED FREE FIRST"

National Government Will Adjust Domestic Problems Says Dr. Pattabhi

MADRAS, July 11.

Dr. B. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, in an interview with the "United Press" on his return from Delhi after attending the Congress Working Committee meeting there, explained why the Working Committee did not make any reference to Constituent Assembly in its resolution. He said:—

"Formerly we were asking for the declaration of India's right to self-determination, and self-determination meant Constituent Assembly. To-day, we demand, not the right to independence, but independence itself. Once we are declared independent, it will be for us to decide when and how we shall formulate our constitution. To-day the British hold power while a Constituent Assembly is organised and sits: Under the new scheme we shall be masters of our own destiny."

NATIONAL GOVERNMENT

Continuing Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya observed:—"The greater includes the less. Once you get a declaration that India is a free Nation, it is for India to decide what form of constitution she shall have. She may decide the point through a Constituent Assembly if necessary, or what is simpler still through definite understandings amongst the outstanding groups of India is possible. We are asking not merely for a declaration, but for giving effect to it through a National Government, which necessarily gives an opportunity for groups hitherto remote from one another to sit in juxtaposition and decide momentous problems of the country by mutual understanding. It is not as if you have to elect five or six hundred representatives on a wide franchise to the Constituent Assembly, and they will draft a constitution which must go before the English Parliament and then lead to the formation of a popular Government. Here the popular Government precedes the other steps. The formation of such a Government itself is preceded by the declaration of India as a free Nation."

Asked why the Working Committee did not pass a resolution on the present policy of the Government, Dr. Pattabhi stated: "We are engaged in finding the solution of a problem which would obviate all repression. If the Congress demand is conceded, then there will be no occasion for repression, and those who are now victimised will naturally be set free. If, however, our demand is rejected, we may have to join them ourselves and share our sorrows and sufferings in common with them."—United Press.

TURN THE INCUBUS INTO AN ASSET, URGES PATTABHI

BEZWADA, July 11.

Dr. Pattabi said:—It is strange that England should be still loath to 'lose India.' India lost in territory is a hundred Indias gained morally as well as materially now and for ever. A free and friendly India is a tower of strength, while a slave India is a net liability, being an object of universal criticism pointing to Britain's selfishness—a negation of the claim of the justice of Britain's cause."

"A promise to free India some day does not make the Indian contribution a whole-hearted service—the contributions are a forced exaction. To that extent they will be futile. Why should Britain even in her hour of peril, falter and hesitate and be well-nigh driving India to despair? To-day India has become a burden to England. A self-reliant India will relieve this burden and make England free to concentrate her resources against her enemies. Yes, the very incubus would become an asset when India can be allowed to grow to her full height as a free nation.—A. P.

AZAD MUSLIMS WELCOME DELHI DECISION

League Should Support Congress Demand For Declaration

NEW DELHI, July 11.

The Central Office of the All-India Independent Muslims Conference in the course of a statement says that the recent resolution of the Congress Working Committee on the establishment of a National Government should be welcomed by all parties concerned and by Nationalist Muslims as a definite step towards realism.

Those who swear by Dominion Status and the Statute of Westminster should not find it difficult to support the Congress Working Committee's demand for a declaration by British Government according India complete independence. Such a declaration, in the opinion of the conference, is absolutely essential.

After regretting that the President of the Muslim League should still insist on a division of India the statement points out that not one of the Muslim majority provinces has supported this demand.

The statement concludes by stressing that it will be a tragedy if this opportunity is allowed to lapse and Britain refuses to recognise India's right to govern herself.—A. P.

Britain Must Accept Congress Offer

CALCUTTA, July 10.

The opinion that the British Government should accept the advice given by Mahatma Gandhi and should not reject the friendship offered by the Congress, is pressed by Dr. Pramathanath Banerjea, member of the Congress Nationalist Party in the Central Assembly, in a statement to the press on the latest resolution of the Congress Working Committee.

Dr. Banerjea thinks that the proposal for expanding the existing executive council of the Governor-General by the addition of four or five members of the Assembly falls far short of the needs of the situation, and is not likely to be accepted by any section of the community.

As for the declaration insisted on by the Congress Working Committee, he expresses the opinion that there ought not to be any great difficulty.—A. P.

TAMIL NAD P. C. C. TO INVITE CONGRESS

MADRAS, July 11.

A meeting of the Tamil Nad Congress Executive is likely to be held on July 25 to review the general political situation and issue certain instructions for the guidance of the members from Tamil Nad attending the forthcoming meeting of the A. I. C. C. at Poona.

The Committee is also likely to pass a formal resolution inviting the next session of the Congress to Tamil Nad, in continuation of the appeal already made by Mr. S. Satyamurthi, Secretary of the Tamil Nad Congress, to the Congress President and the A. I. C. C.—United Press.

Freedom Conference At Mandalay

RANGOON, July 11.

The Sinyetha Party is holding a "Freedom Conference" in Mandalay from yesterday.

The Freedom Bloc of which Dr. Ba Maw, ex-Premier is leader, has called for July 18 to be observed as a Freedom Pledge Day, when arrangements will be made for mass acceptance of the pledge at the Pagodas.—A. P.

FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION.

KARACHI, July 9.

A special meeting of the Sind Assembly Congress Party has been called on July 13 to consider what action should be taken against Mr. H. S. Pamnani, a member of the Party, who, it is stated, has refused to recognise Mr. R. K. Sidhwa as leader of the Party.—United Press.

Nazi Horrors On The Screen

'Hitler–Beast Of Berlin" At Excelsior

A sort of semi-documentary, "Hitler—Beast Of Berlin" opens to-day at the Excelsior. Coming as it does at a time when the peace-loving world is menaced by Hitler and his Nazis, it has an undoubted topical value which is enhanced by the cast lending a certain realism to the horrors depicted. One wishes, however, that the picture had been better produced and directed and also that it had a less banal title. Simply because during the last war they produced "Kaiser—Beast of Berlin" is no excuse for giving this title to a film which, while rightly exposing Nazi horrors, has nothing to do with the individual personality of Hitler.

With daring frankness this picture tells the story of a fearless young German, a married man whose wife is soon to give birth to a child, who risks everything to affect the downfall of the Nazi regime in order that his unborn offspring shall not feel the iron heel of despotism.

Among the high spots of "Hitler—Beast of Berlin" are scenes showing how the illegal underground printing presses operate and how the determined anti-Nazi disseminate literature which, they hope, will put an end to the infamous dictatorship under which the German nation is staggering to its doom. Also shown is the dread Gestapo (Nazi secret service), holding its inquisitions and how the bullet-headed operatives drag the truth from between the clenched teeth of its bleeding victims.

Other exposes included in "Hitler—Beast of Berlin" include infiltration of anti-Nazis into Hitler's elite corps of guards, to act as spies for their freedom-loving colleagues; the orgies of the S. S. troopers and how concentration camp guards "sell" their unfortunate prisoners as virtual slaves to rich farmers and unscrupulous industrialists.

"Hitler—Beast of Berlin" features a cast of internationally known players, many of them fugitives from Hitler's Gestapo. The leading roles are portrayed by Roland Drew, Steffi Duna, Greta Granstedt, Allan Ladd and Lucien Prival.

CAN YOU RECOGNISE THIS GIRL?— Ginger Rogers in a scene from "Primrose Path" with Joel McCrea at the New Empire.

A NEW GINGER ROGERS AT NEW EMPIRE

"Primrose Path" Is Unusual And Realistic Drama

Quite a different kind of Ginger Rogers to the one we are used to see in song-and-dance comedies is seen in "Primrose Path", opening to-day at the New Empire. This picture finally proves that besides possessing magical feet, Ginger is also capable of giving a down-to-earth realistic histrionic performance.

As the daughter of a poor family who finds the chances of her happiness threatened by her family antecedents, she gives a vivid portrayal.

If for no other reason than to see the new Ginger Rogers, this film should be on your "must-be-seen" list.

STORY BEHIND THE STORY

But, there is more in it than a girl. It actually has a story—a story, moreover, that is instinct with human appeal and, to some extent, with realism of outlook and authenticity of social background.

There is, however, a story behind the story. The film is based on a sensational play by Robert L. Buckner and Walter Hart which had taken New York by storm some years ago and which was declared to be totally unfit for the screen. The play sought to depict a middle-aged "demi-monde" as a good, gay and sensible person cheerfully going about the business of selling her body to support her family and ridiculed the morality-obsessed daughter, Ella May, as a snob and an 'upstart.' It was an entirely new angle on sicial vice, revolutionary in its analysis of the psychology of a "fallen woman." The attitude which Mamie adopted was simply this: "If I have to do it, why not do it cheerfully?" Such a story could never pass Mr. Will Hays who is even more morality-obsessed than Ella May! So, while taking advantage of the success of the play, the R. K. O. people have considerably changed the story. Not Mamie but her chaste daughter now receives the maximum sympathy and admiration and a broken heart is found beneath the cheerful exterior of Mamie. Yet the story retains some of its original quaintness of viewpoint and a realistic depiction of life in the tumbledown Primrose Hill locality in a sea-coast town. Under the veneer of Will Hay's moral code one can still discern the realism and rugged humanity of the original work.

GREGORY LA CAVA'S IMAGINATIVE SOUND TRACK

(By Our Film Critic)

Some of the characterizations are life-like and superb—the disillusioned and frustrated author, drinking away to death, played brilliantly by Miles Mander, the cheerful upright young American represented by Joel Macrea; Queenie Vassar as Grandma, petty and scheming and sharp-tongued and the incorrigible Honeybell (Joan Carroll), the precocious mercenary infant already talking of having a "fellow." Not saints, not devils. Real, flesh and blood Americans you can meet in any small town from New York to San Francisco!

Gregory La Cava is one of those omnibus Hollywood personalities who both directs, produces and even has a hand in writing the screen play. To him goes the credit for vivifying these characters and giving them their proper place in the dramatic pattern. The serious student of cinematography will do well to see "Primrose Path" to study La Cava's "imaginative sound-track." The way he lends dramatic significance to particular sounds—distant rumble of the railway trains, the tooting of a motor cycle horn, even the creaking of a door—is simply marvellous. He is one of the few directors who give us not merely a "talkie" but a "sound picture", conveying impressions not only by images and dialogues but also by the hundred odd sounds our ears are used to.

By the way pictures like "Primrose Path" are evidence of the upward curve of the R. K. O.—Radio reputation.

K. A. ABBAS.

A scene from "Charlie Chan In Reno" at the Capitol from to-morrow (Saturday).

CHARLIE CHAN AT THE CAPITOL

Another of those Charlie Chan pictures is to be seen at the Capitol from to-morrow (Saturday). In "Charlie Chan in Reno" the Chinese-American Detective unravels a mystery in the strange setting of Reno, the city famed for its quick divorces.

On Sunday at 10-30 a.m. the Capitol will screen "Firefly" featuring Jeanette Macdonald.

VICTIM OF NAZI PERSECUTION—A scene from "Hitler—Beast of Berlin" at Excelsior.

Laraine Day, Lew Ayres and Lionel Barrymore in "Strange Case of Dr. Kildare" at Metro.

Dr. Kildare Is Here Again!

Fourth Of The Series At Metro

"Dr. Kildare's Strange Case," latest "Dr. Kildare" film opening to-day at the Metro Theatre, is a worthy successor to the previous films of the scientific romance series. Fourth of the series, "Dr. Kildare's Strange Case" moves at a brisk pace, directed by Harold S. Bucquet, with Lionel Barrymore as the irascible Dr. Gillespie, Lew Ayres as the young impulsive Dr. Jimmy Kildare, and Laraine Day as Nurse Mary Lamont in the leading roles.

The film traces the activities of Ayres, young assistant to Barrymore, as he takes matters into his own hands to help a surgeon friend who is in trouble over what is thought to be a bungled brain operation. Principals in the cast include Shepperd Strudwick, late of the New York stage, Samuel S. Hinds, Emma Dunn, Nat Pendleton, Walter Kingford and Alma Kruger.

Highlight of the film comes with the screen's first picturization of the use of insulin shock to bring a demented person back to normalcy.

A scene from "Zanzibar" at the Regal.

"ZANZIBAR" AT REGAL

Strange Jungle Drama

"Zanzibar" opening to-day at the Regal Theatre, is a picture of weird mystery and lusty adventure. Lola Lane appears as the girl explorer, and James Craig as the American adventurer who seeks danger and finds it in large doses. The story traces Miss Lane's efforts to find a sacred skull which had been ordered to be returned to its rightful native tribe in German East Africa by a provision in the Versailles Treaty. But her ship is wrecked during a storm, and the girl and four men make a dangerous journey through African jungles to a village near a flaming volcano where the skull is enshrined. Exciting scenes show battles during which wild beasts are turned against angry savages, a thrilling big game hunt and eruption of the volcano and escape of the whites at the climax.

Sunday Morning Show At Metro

Metro-Goldwyn-Mayor's "Blockheads" featuring those monarchs of mirth Stan Laurel and Oliver Hardy is booked for the Metro at 10 a.m. Sunday morning.

England Needs A Free And United India

Only Potent Weapon To Fight Nazi Menace

(From Our Correspondence.)

LONDON, July 10

Under the auspices of the China Campaign Committee, a largely attended dinner was held yesterday night when the Chinese Ambassador, along with M. Maisky were the guests of honour. Lord Listowell presided.

Tributes were paid by every speaker not only to China for her determination to fight Imperialist aggression of Japan, but also to India and the Soviet Union for their generous moral and material help given to China.

CHINA'S ROLE IN FAR EAST

Lord Listowell said: "If we are fighting to save Europe from the domination of Italy and Germany, China is fighting to save Asia from the domination of militarist Japan, in which fight, Russia and the people of India have also taken their share of assistance." Lord Listowell felt that free India could do more for China and the World Civilization.

After declaring that he longed to see Britain standing side by side with Russia and the United States to help China against Japan The Dean of Canterburuy emphasised that people of India were greatly interested in the Burma Road to China. The Dean hoped, Britain would recognise that a free, united India was her greatest need at the present time, when she was being threatened by the Nazi danger.

Mr. D. N. Pritt opined, "during the past few months, we have learnt many bitter lessons, one of which being, each country shall be governed by its people and not by a section of its people or by outsiders. Even in the midst of war, China extended liberty to her people, and it is time, freedom and independence were also extended to the people of India."

Lord Strabolgi declared, "China is not fighting alone. She has the support of all Democratic forces of the world. India could also be brought into the fight for freedom in Europe and Asia, as China is doing against Japanese aggression, if only the people of India were convinced, that they really were fighting for such freedom. Therefore, Indian people must be free to decide their attitude without outside influence.

Lord Marley agreed with the previous speakers, especially that as a result of the present war in Europe, Britain is bound to go Left. Lord Marley agreed with Lord Strabolgi: "If Britain goes Left there is hope not only for China and India, but also for the whole world.

Way Out Of Prohibition Deadlock

Congress Legislature Party Ready To Solve Legal Difficulty If Government Is In Earnest To Continue Programme

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Congress Legislature Party, it is understood, has been consulting expert legal opinion with regard to the position created by the Bombay High Court's ruling in the prohibition reference. A prominent member of the Party told a representative of the "Chronicle", that if the Government showed any genuine desire to continue the prohibition programme, the Legislature Party would extend its wholehearted co-operation in the matter of solving the legal difficulties created by the High Court's ruling.

"If the Government is keen on prohibition" said the member "it should be quite easy for it to issue a second notification which, while being within the four corners of the High Court ruling, will still amount to an effective enforcement of prohibition". He added that those who had expoused the cause of prohibition would be willing to place before Government concrete suggestions in this respect, in consultation with legal experts. But this could be done only if the Congress was assured of the Government's intention to continue the prohibition programme.

The leader of the Legislature Party is expected to make a statement probably at the end of the week. No communication will be addressed separately on behalf of the Party to the Congress Working Committee since the matter has already been referred by the B.P.C.C.

"Folly For Britain To Reject Congress Offer"

BEZWADA, July 11.

"The war has lost its aggressive character. The defence of India is now an integral part of the defence of Britain. This is the key to understand the resolution of the Working Committee", observed Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar, interviewed by the Associated Press correspondent on the Delhi resolution.

"If our offer to throw in the full weight of the Congress in defence efforts is accepted by the British Government", he said, "We should be enabled properly to fulfil our undertaking. That is why we demand an immediate change over from the Executive Council to a National Government which is to be distinguished from both British autocracy and Party Government for the effective fulfilment of the obligation.

To rouse a country-wide enthusiasm for defence efforts, a new and powerful motive force is necessary. It is not enough merely to dwell on the danger and feed panic and terror. That way lies defeat. A spirit of joy and pride, a sense of fulfilment of national struggle and a recklessness of individual existence and comforts should be created so as to make men strive and sacrifice to their utmost capacity. This is the reason why we say that a declaration of India's freedom should be made.

India's right to determine her own status and shape her in future should be unequivocally acknowledged. This will enable the Congress to create real enthusiasm and countrywide effort."

Concluding, he said: It would be folly for Britain to reject the offer of co-operation or to higgle and lose time in granting what must very soon come to pass in any event."

Mr. Rajagopalachariar who is returning to Madras by the Grand Trunk Express was met at the Bezwada Railway Station this morning by the local Congress leaders who had a brief discussion with him on the present political situation in the country.—A. P.

Ujjain Workers' Houses Raided

(From A Correspondent.)

UJJAIN, July 9.

Several officers of the local police and C. I. D. and railway police raided yesterday the houses of Pt. Shiv Shankar Raval, President of the Gwalior Rajya Sarwajanik Sabha, Mr. Kanhaiyalal Manana, Vice-President of the Ujjain Sarwajanik Sabha, Dr. Caubey, Swami Ramanand, Mr. Mangli Prasad, Jagannath Chaubey and Avantilal, all Labour Workers under warrants from the City Magistrate of Ujjain.

The office of the Mazdoor Sabha was also raided.

Tandon On National Guards

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, July 10

"The National Guard formed with the co-operation both of Congressmen and non-Congressmen is creative of necessity and will go a long way towards fulfilling the demands of sacrifice, self-help, discipline and physical fitness of youngmen in the country," observed Babu Purushotamdas Tandon at a crowded Mohalla meeting.

Continuing the speaker observed that Britain had always been apathetic towards India's defences and India's present plight was the result of Britains past attitude.

MUTT AND JEFF—On the Other Hand, Maybe Her Shoes Didn't Fit Her — **By BUD FISHER**

OH, DEAR, SOMETHING MUST BE WRONG WITH OUR HORSE, MUTT! MAYBE SHE'S SICK!
I'LL CALL A HORSE DOCTOR!
HM- PULSE IS NORMAL. CHEST IS CLEAR-- IT'S HER TEETH THAT'S CAUSIN' ALL THE TROUBLE!
SHE AIN'T GOT NO TEETH, DOC!
LOOKS TO ME LIKE SHE'S GOT THE MEASLES!
THEM SPOTS IS BIRTHMARKS!
WHAT CHA BEEN FEEDIN' 'ER?
JUST HAY!
HM- JUST AS I THOUGHT! HAY FEVER! FIVE DOLLARS, PLEASE!
?

Satiranjan Memorial Shield Tournament

Twenty Teams Have Entered The List

The Satiranjan Memorial Shield Tournament, which is conducted by the Indian Football League, will commence at the St. Xavier's College ground, Parel, on Saturday next. It has attracted twenty entries this year. Several of the Senior teams, who were not permitted by the W.I.F.A. to compete in it during the last two years, have joined the list this season owing the tournament's promotion to Senior Class. It was expected that the Welch Regiment and the two Batteries, now playing in the First Division of the Harwood League, would also participate. But unfortunately they could not see their way to do so.

SOME FAVOURITES.

Still the Tournament will provide plenty of interest for the soccer fans residing in the northern part of the city. Among the teams well-known are the W.I.A.A. Staff holders, B. B. and C. I. Railway, runners-up, Y.M.C.A. B.E.S.T., Caltex, Bombay City Police and Bombay Muslims. The Y.M.C.A. are now racing neck-to-neck with the Welch Regiment for the Senior League Championship and the Police are in the running for the Junior title. The other first division teams are coming on nicely of late.

NEW COMERS.

Among the new comers are the Royal Indian Navy and the Royal Air Force. They are sure to add colour and interest to the progress of the competition. Goan Sports, Bengal Club and St. Xavier's College contribute their quota to the attraction. The holders will have a stiff proposition to retain the trophy this year.

THE DRAW.

The following is the draw for the tournament:—

FIRST ROUND.

St. Xavier's College "A" vs. Y.M.C.A. "B."

Caltex vs. United Young Friends.

Bombay City Police vs. Georgian Sporting.

M. T. E. App. vs. Bengal Club.

SECOND ROUND.

W.I.A.A. Staff vs. Khar Sports.

B. B. and C. I. Railway vs. Royal Indian Navy.

B.E.S.T. vs. Khatau Sports.

St. Xavier's College "A" vs. Y.M.C.A. "B".

Royal Air Force vs. St. Xavier's College "B."

Bombay Muslims vs. Goans Sports.

St. Mary's Old Boys vs. Y.M.C.A. "A."

SATURDAY'S MATCHES.

4-40 p.m. Caltex vs. United Young Friends.

5-40 p.m. Bombay City Police vs. Georgian Sporting.

Calcutta Football

CALCUTTA, July 11.

The following are the results of matches played in the First Division Football League to-day:—

Mahommedan Sporting 3; Aryans 0.

Mohun Bagan 1; Border Regiment 0.

Rangers 4; Calcutta 2.

THE ALL-INDIA SWADESHI INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION, SALEM

(Conducted by the Salem Municipality)

From 5-8-1940 to 20-8-1940

The Exhibition is held in the most spacious Victoria Hostel Grounds which is in the heart of the town. It is the Trade centre, Bus centre and Cinema centre, where thousands gather every day. As the object of the Exhibition is to give adequate representation for handloom products it is bound to be a grand success.

The Mariamman Temple where the festival for the occasion is observed is within a few yards from the Exhibition Grounds.

In addition to SIDE-SHOWS and AMUSEMENTS TOURNAMENTS and SPORTS are conducted as further attractions.

The Industrial and Development Departments of the Madras Government and the Native States are participating.

AS STALLS ARE GETTING FILLED UP EXHIBITORS ARE REQUESTED TO WIRE FOR ACCOMMODATION TO SAVE DISAPPOINTMENT.

Tel. Address { RAMCHANDRNAIDU, MUNICIPAL EXHIBITION, SALEM.

T. A. LAKSHMANA PILLAI, Commissioner.

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This is perhaps one of the finest exercises possible as it brings into play practically every muscle in the body. Another golden health rule is intestinal cleanliness. Keep yourself fit with Feen-a-mint. Feen-a-mint Laxative is most pleasant to take, most economical to use and most efficient in action. It cleanses thoroughly but mildly. On sale at all chemists and stores.

Feen-a-mint fitness comes first!

Tribesmen Eager To Assist War Effort

Express Willingness To Offer Services Or Money

SIMLA, July 11.

A large number of tribesmen have expressed their readiness to assist in the war effort. In the Malakand agency, a meeting was held on June 22 to discuss ways in which the Agency-protected area could help in the prosecution of the war.

The meeting was attended by Jirgas of Baizai, Ramzai and Utmankhel tribes. The desire to assist either with money or services was expressed, and village collections for investment in the defence loans are being organised by village Jirgas.

Rabiakhel and Akhel sections of the Orakzais arrived in Jirga in Smana on June 28 to offer their resources and services to Government. Orakzai tribes have also given wide expression to their desire to enlist in large numbers in territorial battalions.

In the Zob Agency, Baluchistan, the Kakars have offered one month's pay out of their levy service as a contribution to war funds.—A. P.

TWO WAR PLANES FOR ALLAHABAD

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, July 10.

The raising of a sum of Rupees one lakh for the purpose of purchasing one or two War Planes was suggested by the District Magistrate as the first object of the Allahabad District War Committee, while addressing a meeting of Sub-Divisional Officers and other Magistrates and Tehsildars of this district.

The District Magistrate pointed out the need of maximum war effort and suggested that one City War Committee and eight Tehsil War Committees be formed.

WAR GIVES FILLIP TO INVENTIONS

SIMLA, July 10

Gas-tight doors for protection against air raids and bomb attacks, utilisation of bamboos in construction of concrete, improved interlocking slabs for the construction of rain-proof roofs, strong-rooms or vaults, and burglar proof steel almirahs and improved doors and windows opening and fastening appliances were among the objects aimed at by inventors who applied for patents in India last year.

Indian inventors have been showing interest in the manufacture of rubber composition having fire resistant and electrical insulating properties and the production of reinforced rubber products for tyres.—United Press

Science Institute's Offer For War

BANGALORE, July 10.

The Senate of the Indian Institute of Science passed a resolution placing at the disposal of the Government of India all available facilities in the Institute for war work.

Among the schemes now under active consideration is one for manufacture of carbon for gas masks.

It is learnt the Industrial Research Council has granted to the Institute a sum of Rupees 20,000 for the manufacture of Chemical requirements for the prosecution of the war. This grant has been supplemented by a sum of Rupees 30,000 from the Institute funds. It is gathered that this sum will be utilised for purchasing additional equipment and for payment of stipends to students engaged in various industrial problems.—A.P.

Rangoon Turf Club Gives Five Lakhs

RANGOON, July 10.

The Rangoon Turf Club at a special meeting decided to donate Rs. 5 lakhs to the Burma War Donation Fund.—United Press.

SIND BOMBER FUND

The residents of Sehwan village in Dadu District have collected a sum of Rs. 4,300 and forwarded the same to the District Magistrate, Dadu, as their contribution to the Sind Bomber Fund.

AFGHAN CRICKET TEAM FOR KARACHI

BHOPAL, July 9.

It is learnt that Dr. Jehangir Khan, the Indian Test player and selector, intends to take an "Afghan" cricket team to Karachi towards the first week of September. Invitations are believed to have been extended to a number of well-known "Pathan" cricketers in the country, including some of the best known Pentangular players. The tour is expected to last about a week or ten days.—A. P.

LISTENS WITHOUT EARS!

PESHAWAR, July 8.

A man born without ears and even ear-holes hears every sound perfectly and is not at all deaf, according to the "Islah" of Kabul.

He is Nazar Mohammed, son of Abdur Rahman of Payan Kalla Karah near Herat.

In Herat, the doctors are of the opinion that his nose does the job of his missing ears.—A.P.

Jaipur Takes Its Share

Sawai Man Guards For Active Service

JAIPUR, July 9.

His Highness the Maharaja of Jaipur in his desire to give as much help as possible to the British Government to bring the war to a successful termination, recently offered the services of his own personal troops, the Sawai Man Guards, for active service. This offer has been accepted by the British Government and the Sawai Man Guards will be leaving for intensive training after which they are likely to be utilized in some theatre of war.

With the departure of the Sawai Man Guards and the likelihood of the 1st Bn. the Jaipur Infantry being called up at any moment, the Jaipur Government are incurring further heavy expenditure to bring the 2nd Bn the Jaipur Infantry upto war time strength so as to enable them to carry out their internal security duties.—A. P.

War Fund Lottery In Kolhapur

KOLHAPUR, July 10.

With a view to augmenting the Kolhapur Darbar's war efforts H. H. the Maharaja has decided to run a lottery entirely restricted to his State subjects for the benefit of the War Purposes Fund, says the Publicity Officer of the State.—A. P.

WRIT OF 'HABEAS CORPUS' REFUSED

Rule Discharged

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Kania)

Dostmahomed Janmahomed ..... Petitioner.

v.

The Collector of Bombay and Another ..... Respondents.

This was an application for the issue of a writ of "Habeas Corpus" under Section 491 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

The petitioner, a landlord residing in Bombay, became liable to pay to the Income-Tax Officer 'D' Ward, a certain sum out of which a balance of Rs. 3,407-0-0 is now due and payable as Assessment for Income-Tax. The petitioner was unable to pay the said sum. The Income-Tax Officer then under Section 46(2) of the Indian Income-Tax Act 1922, issued a certificate and forwarded the same to the Collector of Bombay for collection and recovery of the said amount as if it were arrears of land revenue. The Collector attempted to sell an immovable property of the petitioner situated at Charni Road but as there were no bidders the sale proved infructuous and was postponed.

Ultimately on 22nd June 1940, the Collector purporting to act under Section 13 of the Bombay City Land Revenue Act 1876, issued a warrant of arrest against the petitioner. In pursuance of the said warrant, the petitioner was arrested on 24th June. On behalf of the petitioner it was pointed out to the Collector that the warrant was illegal but those contentions were disallowed by him. Hence, the petitioner made the present application to the High Court for a writ of "Habeas Corpus" in order to regain his liberty.

On behalf of the respondents, the Advocate-General contended that the High Court had no jurisdiction to entertain the present application. He submitted that the only remedy open to the petitioner was to have taken proceedings before the Revenue Judge under Sections 14 and 15 of the Bombay City Land Revenue Act 1876.

JUDGMENT

His Lordship dismissed the above objection to jurisdiction urged by counsel for the respondents on the ground that Section 491 of the Criminal Procedure Code which gave the High Courts a right to issue writs of "Habeas Corpus" was very general in terms and that right could not be taken away except by legislation in express terms. In the absence of such unambiguous language, His Lordship held that the High Court did have the power to issue a writ of "Habeas Corpus", in the present case. But His Lordship further stated that the mere fact that there is such a right in the High Court, does not mean that this discretionery right will be exercised in every case. In the present case a specific remedy was provided for by Sections 14 and 15 of the Bombay City Land Revenue Act of 1876,—viz. an application to the Revenue Judge and therefore His Lordship refused to exercise the High Court's general powers of issuing the writs of "Habeas Corpus" under Section 491 of the Code of Criminal Procedure. The warrant of arrest was sought to be declared illegal on the grounds,—that it was not preceded by a sale of the property as it should legally be,—that it was not properly signed and that it did not mention a period for the duration of the petitioner's detention. His Lordship observed that all these contentions could well have been raised before the Revenue Judge.

His Lordship, therefore, discharged the rule with costs. The petitioner was allowed to remain at liberty on his undertaking to surrender himself to the respondents by 2 p.m. on the 11th for such orders as the Collector may pass.

Mr. N. P. Engineer with Mr. M. P. Laud instructed by Messrs. Khunderao Laud & Co. appeared for the petitioner.

The Advocate-General, Mr. M. C. Setalvad, with the public prosecutor, Mr. N. K. Pellgara, appeared for the respondents.

ILL-FATED TAXI WITH VICTIM'S BODY EXTRICATED

Chauffeur's Story Of Tragedy

The ill-fated taxi in which Mr. C. Magnein a ship's engineer met with a watery grave when the automobile in which he was being driven out of the Prince's Dock, suddenly swerved and slid down the wharf late last night, has, it is stated, been extricated from the sea by means of Port Trust hydraulic crane this morning.

The body of the missing engineer was found huddled up in the car from which position it was removed to the morgue by the Yellow-gate Police, where after the identification of the body by the deceased's brother a resident of Byculla, it was handed over for burial purposes. The inquest on the accident is adjourned.

The taxi driver who escaped from the accident is lying in the G. T. Hospital.

High Court's Strictures On Hyderabad Pioneer Insurance Co.

Strictures were passed against the way business was conducted by the Hyderabad Pioneer Assurance Co., Ltd., by Mr. Justice Kania on Wednesday when he ordered the Company to be wound up.

This was done on a petition made by Issac Solomon Macmull and others.

The Company was registered in Hyderabad (Deccan) in 1935, with a capital of Rs. 5,00,000 divided into 5,000 shares each of Rs. 100.

In giving judgment, His Lordship observed that the petition disclosed a very lamentable state of affairs. Although the Company was registered in Bombay, it had not obtained any certificate to commence business from the Registrar of Companies. It had therefore no right to do business in British India, and yet it had accepted insurance and issued policies in British India and had flagrantly violated the provision of law in this respect. The additional amount required to be deposited under the amended Life Insurance Companies' Act had not been deposited.

The balance sheets of the Company for the years 1936 to 1938 showed that the whole substratum of the Company had gone. Wasteful expense, described as "Organisation Expenses," was found to be swelling from year to year. The ordinarily recognised percentage of expenditure as compared with the premium income had been completely overlooked.

The whole of the issued capital of the Company had gone.

Although it was admitted that the Company had done business in British India and was liable to the policy-holders in British India the total assets held by the provisional liquidator was about Rs. 52 only.

In his Lordship's opinion such a Company should not be permitted to do any business, and His Lordship ordered the Company to be wound up by the Court and confirmed the appointment of the Court Liquidator as liquidator of the Company.

SETTLEMENT IN SUIT AGAINST B.E.S.T.

Insurance Agent Awarded Rs. 8,000 As Damages

Rs. 8,000 was awarded as damages to Mrs. Piloo Dinshaw Kanga, an insurance agent and Chief Organiser of the Hyderabad Pioneer Insurance Co., Ltd., by Mr. Justice Blackwell at the High Court.

Mrs. Kanga sought to recover from the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramway Co., Ltd., Rs. 25,000 as damages for personal injuries and pain caused to her and Rs. 43,400 for loss of business suffered by her by reason of the alleged rash and negligent driving of the company's bus.

At the hearing of the suit the claim for loss of business was given up. After several days' hearing the parties came to a settlement and by consent His Lordship passed a decree for the plaintiff for Rs. 8,000 in full settlement of her claim for damages and costs.

Fifty Per Cent Increase In U. T. C.

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, July 10.

It is understood that the Government of India have sanctioned increase in strength, to the extent of 50 per cent, to such units of the University Training Corps as have already reached full strength under the existing rules. So far, the University Training Corps have been established in ten centres throughout the country.

Indian Police Medal

City Officers' Share In Birthday List

The Indian Police Medal has been conferred on the following in the Birthday Honours List:—

J. J. Simmons, Deputy Commissioner of Police, Bombay, J. C. Wilson, Deputy Commissioner of Police, Bombay. W. W. Godwin, Superintendent of Police, Bombay City. M. N. Desai, Indian Police, Superintendent of Police, Bombay City Police. Jamal Mulubhai, Deputy Superintendent of Police. J. S. Rane, Deputy Superintendent of Police. G. H. Anklesaria, Deputy Superintendent of Police. Shripad Ranganath Purandhare, Inspector of Police. J. W. Staines, Head Drill Instructor, Police Training School, Nasik. Mir Qasimali Abbas Ali, Inspector of Police. Mir Munwarali Inayatali Quraishi, Inspector of Police and P. D. Pathak Inspector of Police. D. M Sawant, Subedar, Bombay City Police.

Nawanagar Famine Relief Fund

BOMBAY, July 10.

The Publicity Officer of the Nawanagar State informs the 'United Press' that most of the money collected for the Nawanagar Famine Relief Fund has been refunded, but there are still some receipt holders who have not claimed refund. Those who still hold tickets have been requested to claim their refund from 42, Lakshmi Building, Sir Pherozshah Mehta Road, Bombay, by July 20 next, and after that date from the Publicity Officer, Nawanagar State, Jamnagar.

Refund from Jamnagar will be given upto the 15th of August, 1940, and after that date, whatever money is unclaimed will, it is stated, be appropriated towards the State's Famine Relief Fund. Refund can only be obtained from the above addresses and not from places where the tickets were purchased.—United Press.

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BOMBAY.

Aggression Against New World To Be Repelled

U. S. Fleet To Be Increased By 70 Per Cent.

Senate Approves Bill Authorising Step

WASHINGTON, July 10.

The Senate has approved the Bill previously passed by the House of Representatives, authorising 70 per cent increase in the fighting fleet and fixing the goal of aircraft at 15,000 planes.

Mr. Walsh, Chairman of the Naval Affairs Committee, said the two-ocean fleet which will be created by the Bill could not be completed until 1946.

Speeding Up Defence Programme

A speeding up of the American defence programme by private industry is foreshadowed in a White House announcement.

A provision will be incorporated in the proposed new Excess Profits Tax Bill permitting amortisation over a period of five years of additional industrial facilities that may be necessary.

The move is designed to protect industrialists against uncertainties in the international situation.—Reuter.

Plot To Sabotage U. S. Battleship Unearthed?

AUSTIN (Texas), July 10.

A plot to sabotage a battleship under construction in Pensylvania naval yard is reported to have been discovered by Mr. Martin Dies, chairman of the Committee investigation. Mr. Dies declined to give details of the discovery.—Reuter.

HENRY STIMSON TAKES OATH

WASHINGTON, July 11.

Mr. Henry Stimson was to-day sworn in as Secretary for War.—

U. S. To Take Big Strides In Defence Preparations

Congress Asked To Sanction Additional 4,848 Dollars: Plan For Army Of Two Million And 19,000 New Planes

WASHINGTON, July 10.

President Roosevelt, in a special message to-day, asked Congress to authorise an additional 4,848 million dollars for defence.

The President's plans envisages an army of two million. provides private and Government facilities necessary to produce equipment for a land army of two million and aims at procuring 15,000 new planes for the Army and 4,000 for the Navy.

President Roosevelt declared America fully understood the "threat of a new enslavement in which men may not speak, may not listen and may not think.

As these threats become more numerous and their dire meaning clearer, it deepens the determination of the American people to meet them with wholly adequate defence.

We have seen nation after nation, some of them weakened by treachery from within, succumb to the force of the aggressor.

We see nations still gallantly fighting against aggression encouraged by high hopes of ultimate victory.

That we are opposed to war is known not only to every American but to every continent in the world. We will not take part in the European war but we will repel aggression against the United States or the western hemisphere.

America Sufficiently Prepared

Declaring that because America maintained democratic political institutions, it did not mean that the country was weak, President Roosevelt added that the free men and women of the United States were determined to be strong as well as free.

Apologists for despotism and those who aid them by whispering defeatism or appeasement assert that because we have not devoted our full energies to arms and war preparations, we are now incapable of defence. I refute that imputation.

According to the President's message it is for the following purposes; Firstly, to carry on naval construction sufficient to meet hostile naval forces. Secondly, to provide complete equipment for a land force of approximately 1200,000 men, though this army would not be in the army in time of peace.

Thirdly to procure reserve stocks of tanks, guns, artillery and ammunition for another 800,000 men (thus envisaging an army of two million men, if necessity for it should arise.

Fourthly, to provide private and Government owned manufacturing facilities necessary to produce equipment for a land army of two million and manufacture of ordnance required for Army, Navy and aircraft progarmme. Fifthly, to procure 15,000 new planes for the army and 4,000 for the Navy complete with necessary spare engines, armaments and most modern equipment.

Enlarging Canadian Armed Forces

Arrangements Made For Recruitment Of 40,000 Additional Men

OTTAWA, July 10.

Speaking in the House of Commons Mr. Ralston, Minister for Defence, said the necessity in Canada now was to ensure fundamental training of recruits so that they might be ready to proceed where it was thought, they could best serve the Empire.

Arrangements had been made so that 40,000 additional men could be recruited. In addition, many more men will have an opportunity to enlist for home defence training.

It appears this will be the first step towards enlarging Canadian armed forces under the Mobilisation Act passed recently.—Reuter.

"We Have Just To Turn The Switch"

OTTAWA, July 11.

Emphasising the keen disappointment which would be felt in Canada if the scheme of evacuating children overseas falls through, an immigration official stated "All machinery is ready here now. We just have to turn on the switch and the organisation will start to receive and care these children for the duration. Meanwhile in New York plans are being made with utmost vigour".—Reuter.

PETAIN GETS FREE HAND

National Assembly Authorises Enactment Of New Constitution

BERLIN, July 11.

The French National Assembly passed by a large majority the resolution empowering the Government to work out the new constitution, says a Geneva dispatch to the official German News Agency.—Reuter.

Referendum To Be Held On New French Constitution

VICHY, July 11.

A national referendum is to be held on the new constitution in accordance with the resolution put to the National Assembly by Government.

The referendum was announced by M. Laval who explained it as intended "to avoid all false interpretation and to seal the agreement reached between the Government and ex-service men to put the new constitution before the nation for ratification".—Reuter.

French Air Force In Syria

ANKARA, July 11.

Syrian Frontier reports emanating from Syria indicate that the majority of the French air force in Syria is remaining there for the present.—Reuter.

Ireland Causes Anxiety

No Settlement Reached Between De Valera And Whitehall: British Counter-Measure Against Possible Nazi Invasion

LONDON, July 11.

The position of Eire has for sometime past caused anxiety among members of Parliament in view of the probability of invasion by Germany, writes Reuter's Lobby Correspondent.

The Government have not found it possible to reach any agreement with Mr. De Valera and discussions between the two Governments have resulted in a reaffirmation of neutrality by Mr. De Valera in all circumstances.

British Government have been well aware of the dangers existing in the present position and have made great efforts to reach an understanding which would ensure adequate provision for co-operation between the two countries against any German attack.

Mr. De Valera's attitude hitherto rules out any such co-operation. He has not only declared for neutrality but appealed for United Ireland to defend Irish neutrality which would mean northern Ireland abandoning belligerency for neutrality.

It is felt at Westminster that the unity of Ireland is impossible on the basis of neutrality. If Mr. De Valera could see his way to agree to fight alongside this country, there is every reason to believe that the difficult question of partition could be finally settled.

Keeping Close Watch

The Government are keeping a close watch on the whole position as it is realised that an attack on Ireland is not a matter for her alone but affects very powerfully this country.

A successful attack on Ireland would mean that the Germans would have a fresh base from which to launch an onslaught on this country. If that arose, counter-measures would certainly have to be taken by British forces. In view of the attitude of Eire Government such measures could not be taken unless an actual invasion has taken place.

Meanwhile everything possible is being done to strengthen military forces in northern Ireland so that they can combat an enemy attack if and when it arises.—Reuter.

EIRE FAST PREPARING FOR DEFENCE

DUBLIN, July 10.

It is becoming clearer daily in Eire that an attack from whatever quarter it may come, will be resisted. The training of an army of over 1,00,000 strong—by far the largest army ever raised in this country—is proceeding apace.

The response to the call to arms has been remarkable and is taken as showing beyond doubt that the will of the people is behind the neutrality policy. Any power attacking this country can expect strong resistance.

Dublin parents are arranging to send children to the country.

Offers of unity of command of the defence forces by northern Ireland is regarded as not containing essentials which would make co-operation possible.

There is opposition to any bargain on neutrality and on the part of the people that feeling goes deep. Eire will fight for neutrality and the belief is she can do so successfully unless confronted by very great forces.—Reuter.

DUTCH CARGO SHIP TORPEDOED

LISBON, July 10.

The Portuguese steamer "Alferrarebe" arrived at Oporto with 30 survivors of a Dutch cargo steamer (2,584 tons) which had been torpedoed.—Reuter.

Purchase Tax To Be Dropped

LONDON, July 10.

"Reuter" learns that the purchase tax is to be dropped. The Government intend to put fresh proposals in new budget, which will be introduced before the House rises.—Reuter.

Rumania Quits League

BUCHAREST, July 10.

The Foreign Ministry announces Rumania has withdrawn from the League of Nations.

The Foreign Minister, M. Manoelescu, stated that Rumania's withdrawal "definitely ends the political illusions under which we lived too long."

He added Rumania drew no effective benefit from the League, but on the contrary was drawn automatically into political action harmful and contrary to her sentiment towards certain great and friendly nations.—Reuter.

The Half-Column

By "Dim"

The Commissioner of Police's recent notification that all cars parked on the street must have two front and one rear light is going to be a bit heavy on batteries. I can understand the difficulties of the Commissioner of Police when he has to balance A.R.P. with safety, but at the same time, one feels that emphasis is not seldom put by high officials on the wrong places. For instance, now that the black-out is getting effective the first duty of the Police Commissioner is to make the road safe for pedestrians and cyclists. Many cyclists to-day show no light. They should be dealt with. Again Gharries (Victorias) appear as if from nowhere. These are real sources of danger, which should first be handled. Even our police sepoys in their dark blue custumes run the risk of being overrun. So that it seems rather unnecessary to make static motors illuminate themselves when they are parked on the side of the road, while other moving objects in the middle of the road are allowed to be a constant source of danger. I would like to accompany any high Police official through the streets of Bombay and show him (in my car) what are the dangers of the road. It will be the first time reality will dawn on our Traffic department.

◆ ◆ ◆

I remember reading a small book of poems by P. R. Kaikini. After some time now he has come out with another such effort. He writes well and may one day rise to something in his world. His lines on Kamala Nehru for instance are worth reproducing. He says:—

"Swiftly you've hastened to the unknown land of eternal twilight,
Where no menacing darkness is of the pangs of a cleaving strife,
Where speech is slumbering silence and shadow is waking light
Where a river's golden music is the fount of eternal life.
You are a fairy Queen of that far-off luminous clime
Your ears are full with the song that those diaphanous fairies sing
In your destined land of Bliss our eternity is but a moment of time,
Where dreams and delicate fancies are the wine of its quenchless spring."

I think that is good verse.

Italian Fleet Cuts Sorry Figure

Runs For Protection Of Shore Batteries

One Enemy Ship Hit By Torpedo, Another By Shell: Submarine Sunk

LONDON, July 10.

An Admiralty 'communique' to-night stated "The engagement between British and Italian naval forces in the Mediterranean is described by the Commander-in-Chief of the Mediterranean as 'disappointing action'.

This was due to the fact that the British fleet had no opportunity of dealing effectively with the enemy in a close range action.

Italian fleet was in fact pursued until our fleet were in sight of land, but unfortunately could not be overtaken before they were able to reach the shelter of their shore batteries.

One enemy cruiser was hit by a torpedo during the attack by torpedo bombing aircraft of the fleet air arm, which was pressed home in the face of heavy anti-aircraft fire in the hope of checking the withdrawal of the Italian force.

The Italian communique issued to-day admits that one unit was hit—presumably a capital ship hit by a 15-inch shell from our forces.

As previously announced there were no casualties among the British ships engaged yesterday.

IN ANOTHER PART OF THE MEDITERRANEAN ONE OF OUR SUBMARINES "PARTHIAN" (LIEUT.-COMMANDER RIMINGTON) HAS SUNK AN ITALIAN U-BOAT.

The Italian U-Boat was sighted on the surface at close range.

The "Parthian" fired torpedoes and hit the Italian U-Boat throwing quantities of debris into the air. Her bows rose up at an angle of 70 degrees and she sank stern first.—Reuter.

SWEDISH DESTROYERS ATTACKED IN ERROR

British Govt. Agrees To Compensate For Damage

LONDON, July 11.

A broadcast from Sweden states that two destroyers and two auxiliary vessels which had been bought for the Swedish navy were detained by the British navy on June 20 but after vigorous protests were allowed to proceed.

Later they were attacked in error by British aircraft which dropped bombs without hitting them. Further protests were made by Sweden and the British Government agreed to compensate Sweden for any damage done to the vessels, which have now reached Swedish waters.

Reuter is informed in London that His Majesty's Government were not fully advised regarding the arrangements made to ensure that the four destroyers would not fall into the hands of the Germans if they were allowed to continue their journey to Sweden. They were intercepted off the Faroas Bu. When assurances were received they were allowed to proceed.—Reuter.

The Portents!

Moscow-Berlin Relations Embittered

REDS IN NAZI PROTECTORATES BEING PERSECUTED: SEQUEL TO SOVIET THRUST IN BALTIC AND BALKANS

LONDON, July 11.

German authorities in the protectorate of Bohemia and Moravia have taken severe measures against Communists and other left wing elements within the past two months.

Reuter's diplomatic correspondent is informed in Czech quarters in London that these measures seem to have coincided with the beginning of the Soviet Union's expansionist policy in the Baltic and the Balkans. They constitute a reversal of previous Nazi policy.

After the Soviet-German Pact was signed the Germans attempted for some time to conciliate left wing groups but since the Soviet-Union began to thrust its influence into Latvia, Lithuania and Estonia, the attempt seems to have been abandoned.

Two months ago a well-known Czech Communist lawyer who had been in prison ever since the fall of Prague, was shot by the Gestapo. Since that time Czech circles have learned of other assassinations of left wing Czechs.—Reuter.

Exploits Of Charlie Chan

Hollywood Murder

By Alfred Andriola

TRYING TO SOLVE THE MURDER OF NORDA NOLL, CHARLIE CHAN MAKES THE STARTLING DISCOVERY THAT DEE LORING, THE ACTRESS WHO PRECEDED NORDA AS "KARMA" IN THE SPY PICTURE, WAS POISONED...
Alfred Andriola 6-26
OH! OH! DON'T LET ANYONE KNOW YOU FOUND OUT DEE LORING WAS POISONED! TROUBLES I HAVE ENOUGH!
MISS LANE - GO PLAY FOR SOME OTHER PRODUCER! J.C. KORNWELLER IS JINXED! WITH A LUMP IN MY HEART BIGGER THAN A CANNON-BALL I RELEASE YOU! YOUR MONEY YOU CAN COLLECT!
IT'S YOUR HEART THAT'S BIGGER THAN A CANNON-BALL, MR. KORNWELLER! WE'RE GOING TO FINISH THE PICTURE!
OH, MISS LANE! HOW CAN I THANK YOU? DON'T YOU WORRY! YOU'LL BE SAFE! DETECTIVES I HAVE ALL OVER THE SET!
EVERY EXTRA IS A DETECTIVE! THEY MAY BE BAD EXTRAS BUT THEY'RE THE MOST EXPENSIVE THAT EVER PLAYED IN A PICTURE!
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